FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—June 1.

Sun Rises	4 44 A M
Sun Sets	7.11 P M
Day's Length	14 h 27 m
High Water at Southport	7.18 P M
High Water at Wilmington	8.58 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., June 1.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 67°; 8 p. m., 74°; maximum, 84°; minimum, 66°; mean, 75°.

Rainfall for the day, .21; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 2.49 inches.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m., May 31st, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer is about or below normal over all sections of the country, with the highest over Florida and the upper lakes, and the lowest over New England and the central western valleys. Local showers or thunderstorms have occurred during the day over the Atlantic coast States. Generally fair weather has prevailed over all other sections, with cooler over the lake region and warmer weather over the South and central Western valleys. Conditions indicate continued fair weather, possibly interrupted by an occasional thunder storm over this locality during the ensuing thirty-six hours.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Local showers and cooler weather prevailed over the cotton belt during the twenty-four hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair; variable winds.

OUTLINES.

Under Judge Simonton's decision in the case of Vandercook Company vs. State of South Carolina, in the U. S. Court at Charleston, any person may import and sell liquor in original packages in that State. —The Senate was not in session yesterday; the House met but took a recess until to-day in observance of "memorial" day. — Mrs. Z. A. Godfrey, a handsome, wealthy woman, daughter of Hon. Ben. Dugger, has been arrested in Atlanta, charged with murder. — Slight earthquake shocks were felt yesterday about 2 o'clock in Washington, D. C., and at various places in Virginia and North Carolina. — A Spanish newspaper in Havana makes an indirect attack upon U. S. Commissioner Calhoun. — Fire broke out in a warehouse at Charlottesville, Va., yesterday, several persons supposed to be killed by falling walls. — The point made by Senator Morgan a few days ago, that the present proceedings in the House of Representatives are unconstitutional, is giving anxiety to some Republican leaders. — The annual convention of the National Republican League will be held at Detroit, July 13th. — The Indian outbreak in Manitoba ended with the killing of the chief, Almighty Voice. — This is Governors' Day at the Tennessee Exposition; Gov. Russell and staff will be the leading attraction. — Confederate memorial day exercises were held yesterday in Hollywood cemetery, Richmond, Va., all the military of the city, Confederate veteran camps and ladies of the Memorial Association participating. —The steamer Biscayne, charged with filibustering, is reported to have been seized by a customs officer in Florida, and the steamer Dauntless is also reported to have been captured by the U. S. cruiser Marblehead near Key West.

Some statesmen are self-made some are machine made, and some are Hanna-made.

Lieut. Peary has been given a five years leave of absence to go on another pole hunt. He should consolidate with Andree and hitch his boat to Andree's balloon.

The armor plate manufacturers in this country refuse to make plate for Uncle Sam for less than $425 a ton, but make it for other governments for $300 and seem to enjoy it.

That Washington church whose pastor eloped with $5,000 or $6,000 of its money has dismissed him. They missed him and then dismissed him, but he had previously dismissed himself.

The Exposition of Prague has awarded Geo. M. Pullman, of Chicago, a gold medal as the founder of the model city of the world, and another on his sleeping cars, with the porter attachment.

England not only builds merchant vessels for other nations, but is accommodating enough to build all the war ships they order, and if contingencies should arise, will do her best to knock them to pieces.

A company has been formed in Richmond, Ind., to build a 150-mile electric railroad in Nicaragua. They have had valuable concessions granted them and 250,000 acres of land thrown in for good measure.

Senator Allison says the Senate bill will yield $40,000,000 more revenue than the Dingley bill would. But if the Dingley bill would raise enough and a surplus, as they claimed it would, what in the mischief do they want with $40,000,000 more?

That Chicago man who claims to have discovered a process of converting base metals into gold should experiment on the cheek of some of those protectionists who are insisting that American manufacturers need more protection.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LX.—NO. 61. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 1, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,23

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

A Delaware bicycle rider got along very well when he struck a flock of chickens until he collided with the old rooster. Remembering the impromptu header he took and the various resultant contusion, mashed nose, broken teeth, ect., he will ever henceforth give an old rooster the right of way.

Senator Hawley, of Connecticut, and Aldrich, of Rhode Island, both Republicans, had a warm brush over one of the tariff schedules a few days ago. But that is nothing to the brush the whole crowd will have with the American people later on when they get a whack at the fellows who put up this job.

Bro. Dana must be real angry with Bro. Pulitzer of the *World* and wants Col. Havemeyer to sue him for big damages for remarks made by the *World*. When Bro. Dana gets very angry these days at another editor man, he always wants somebody to sue him for damages or something.

Legislative investigating committees come high sometimes, but that Pennsylvania committee appointed to investigate abuses in Philadelphia, which cost about $500 an hour and put in a bill for $65,908.96, was a daisy. And it didn't find out more than about $4 worth, either.

Women vote in Colorado. "Gross frauds" are charged in the last Denver election, and women are mixed up in them. So there seems to be a woman in the case. Proof that women catch on and keep "abreast of the times," or words to that effect.

The agriculture of the world employs 280,000,000 of people, represents $34,000,000,000 of capital and produces annually $30,000,000,000 worth of stuff, and yet there are lots of these 280,000,000 who couldn't buy a pair of boots without buying them on credit.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLYDE LINE—Sailing days.
SEACOAST ROAD—Schedule.
S. A. L.—Attention sportsmen.
ATKINSON & CHADBOURN—Notice.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

J. W. ATKINSON—For rent.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. K. Morrisey, of Winston arrived yesterday.

— Dr. W. C. Curtis, of Southport, was in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. W. C. White and S. H. Smith, of Charlotte, are in the city.

— Mr. J. E. Rose, of Washington, D. C., was among yesterday's arrival.

— Mr. R. C. Bunting has returned home from the University of Virginia.

— Mr. O. R. Taylor and wife and child, of Greenville, S. C., are in the city.

— Mr. Edward Wooten, who has been attending Horner's School, Oxford, has returned.

— Mrs. Flora Cox, who has been teaching school at Swansboro, N. C., has returned to Wilmington.

— Mr. J. D. Southerland, of Kenansville, is in the city, visiting his daughter, Mrs. John J. Kelly.

— Mr. Arendell, of the Raleigh *News and Observer*, was a welcome visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Rev. A. D. McClure leaves Saturday to preach the Commencement sermon at the Red Springs Seminary.

— Mrs. W. H. Chadbourn left Sunday for Nashville, Tenn. At Hamlet Mrs. Chadbourn joined Gov. Russell and party, who were en route for the Exposition in the private car of Vice President St. John, of the Seaboard Air Line.

At the Opera House To-night.

The concert of the Second Regiment Band to-night at the Opera House promises to be a rare treat. Some of Wilmington's best musical artists, vocalist, musicians, etc., will assist in the entertainment. Among the features will be the singing of the Munson Octette and a slide trombone recital by Mr. J. A. Crews, Jr., formerly a pupil of the celebrated Jules Levy. Seats are now on sale at Gerken's.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The Board of Audit and Finance will meet this afternoon.

— Mr. Sol. Bear is erecting a handsome residence on Fifth street, between Princess and Chesnut.

— The Wilmington Street Railway Company had a testing of the electric lights, with which they will light the city, last night.

— Joe Kirkham was bound over to the Criminal Court yesterday from the Police Court on the charge of resisting an officer in the discharge of his duty.

— A train with about 200 colored excursionists on board arrived in the city on the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. yesterday morning and returned last night at 11 o'clock.

— Mr. Jno. F. Garrell received yesterday returns from the shipment of 100 barrels of new potatoes to Philadelphia. The entire lot was sold at $4 25 to $4 50 per barrel.

— The advance sale of seats for the entertainment of the "Sunbeam Club" of Miss Mamie Alderman's select school at the Opera House Friday night will commence to-morrow morning at Gerkens'.

— J. C. Abbot Post No. 15, G. A. R., celebrated National Decoration Day yesterday. The procession, consisting of several organizations, in the afternoon marched to the national cemetery, where the memorial exercises were held.

— Mr. Wm. Atkinson, of the firm of Atkinson & Son, general insurance agents, has entered into a copartnership with Mr. Charles C. Chadbourn in the fire and life insurance business. Col. Jno. W. Atkinson will continue the business of marine insurance.

—Henry Smith and Henry Wright, both colored, were before Justice Bunting yesterday, charged with stealing chickens. Wright was discharged, but Smith was committed to jail in default of $50 bond for his appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court.

— A cob-web party will be given to-morrow night by the ladies of St. Paul's Episcopal church at the rectory of the church, corner Fourth and Orange streets. The entertainment will be a unique one, and enjoyable. Music and refreshments will be in evidence. The proceeds will go to the Associated Charities.

WESTMINSTER STANDARD.

Address by Hon. W. M. Cox of Mississippi in the First Presbyterian Church.

At the First Presbyterian church Sunday morning, the congregation was a very large one. Hon. W. M. Cox, of Mississippi, delivered his very able address on the "Influence of the Westminster System; Doctrine, Worship, Civil Liberty and Republican Government." At the Young People's service at night addresses were delivered by Hon. W. M. Cox, of Mississippi, Rev. W. W. Palmer, of Missouri, and Rev. L. E. Boston, of North Carolina.

The Christian Endeavors' service Sunday night at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church was largely attended, and quite an interesting meeting held.

The party of ministers who arrived in the city Saturday from attending the meeting of the General Assembly at Charlotte, left for their respective homes yesterday afternoon, after a delightful ride down the river on the tug *Marion* through the courtesy of Mr. James Sprunt. The party Saturday afternoon took a trip to Ocean View, at which place they were the guests of the Clarendon Yacht Club.

Hon. W. M. Cox, while in the city, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Robinson.

A SMALL EARTHQUAKE.

Shocks Felt in Wilmington and Many Other Places in North Carolina.

Yesterday afternoon about 2 o'clock Wilmington was visited by a slight earthquake, which was felt by a number of people, and from that time on served as the chief topic of conversation on the streets. One well known gentleman, describing the shock to a STAR representative yesterday afternoon, said that the earthquake shock was felt at 2.08 o'clock, and that it seemed to be traveling from east to west; another said that the movement was from north to south.

Reports from different places in the State and from Virginia and Maryland show that the earthquake was felt at many places.

At Hamlet, the shock was so severe that goods on shelves in stores were shaken down, and at Pates, a lamp in the telegraph office of the S. A. L. was knocked off a table and broken.

In Kinston, the colored people had gathered to celebrate Decoration Day, and when the earthquake occurred it almost created a panic.

The shock was felt also at Charlotte, Maxton and Lumberton.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—9 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 49 bbls rosin.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—3 bales cotton, 35 casks spirits turpentine, 70 bbls rosin, 10 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—30 casks spirits turpentine, 102 bbls rosin.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—10 casks spirits turpentine, 53 bbls rosin, 10 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—12 casks spirits turpentine, 60 bbls rosin, 15 bbls tar.

Steamer Driver—3 bales cotton, 30 casks spirits turpentine, 86 bbls rosin, 37 bbls tar, 15 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 7 bales; spirits turpentine, 195 casks; rosin, 480 bbls; tar, 72 bbls; crude turpentine, 15 bbls.

CHILDREN'S DAY.

Interesting Exercises by the Sunday Schools of Grace Methodist, St. Andrew's and the First Presbyterian Churches.

The scriptural injunction "Whatsoever thy hands findeth to do, do it with thy might" seems to be the principle governing our Grace church Methodist friends in their undertakings and by which they have established a well earned reputation for successful entertainments in this city. They always have the very best, and Children's Day, last Sunday, was not an exception.

As soon as the choir ended with the prelude in the church, music and singing was heard in the lecture room; the singing continued to approach the auditorium when the musical accompaniment to the choir struck up in the church and the children continued singing and marching, with five beautiful white banners, with "Infant," Primary," "Intermediate," Senior," in gold letters upon them, designating the classes, until the platform and altar space were completely packed; and as all the girls were dressed in white the group presented a pure, spotless and beautiful appearance.

After a song the parents and friends were welcomed in a speech, delivered by one of the boys, and the banners were placed at different seats in the church.

A lesson from the Holy Scriptures was read by Mr. John H. Davis, the superintendent of the school, and prayer was offered by the pastor, Rev. R. A. Willis, after which the regular programme of the day, consisting of recitations, songs, etc., was successfully gone through with to the satisfaction and delight of the large audience assembled; every available space being occupied.

The church was handsomely decorated with flowers and evergreens. Much praise is due Mrs. W. H. Shaw for her labor and trouble in preparing the children for this delightful entertainment, especially the very little fellows, who required much patience and painstaking to instruct them in their respective parts.

The programme presented was as follows:

Processional by the school.
Address of welcome, Tom Grant.
Anthem "I Come with a Song of Joy," school.
Scripture reading, J. H. Davis, superintendent.
Prayer, Rev. R. A. Willis.
Greeting song, Julie McLaurin, Flora Yopp, Rosie B. Kirkham, Mira Davis, Fay Westbrook, Marie Hopkins, Agnes Chasten, Alice Noble, Bessie Craft, Mildred Maunder, Floy Johnson, Lucy Walsh, Katie Foard, Katherine Beaman, Lila Jacobs, Bettie Schulken.
Address on Sunday schools, Clarence Davis.
Song, "Children's Jubilee," school.
Basket offering, Maud Bullock, Henrietta Walker, Louise VanLaer, Emma Willis, Mary Lewis, Louise Watson, Alice Craft.
Song, "Children's Festival," school.
Address on missions, Gilbert Foard.
Song, "Hosanna for Children's Day," school.
Recitation, "Chimes of the Clock," eleven little ones.
Song, "What Do the Bells say," school.
Address on Epworth Leagues, Willie Corbett.
Song, "The Narrow Way," school.
Recitation, "Pond Lilies, Roses and Dasies," fifteen small girls.
Song, "Jesus Lives," school.
Address on Education, James Craft.
Song, "Go Tell the World of His Love," school.
Recitation, "One, Two, Three, Four, Five, Six, Seven," thirteen small boys.
Solo, "Promise Wreath of Roses," Miss Eva Willis, chorus by twelve young ladies.
Recitation, "Missionary," Louis Woodbury and Ricaud Darden.
Collection for needy Sunday schools.
Song, "When the Roll is Called," school.
Benediction by the pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES.

Sunday was also "Children's Day" at the First Presbyterian church and at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. The celebration at both churches was held in the afternoon at 4 o'clock, and in accordance with the programme issued by the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, and consisted of a special hymn by the infant class; responsive reading, interspersed with the singing of hymns, and the pastor's address. The collection was for foreign missions.

The children of the First Presbyterian Church were addressed by Rev. W. McC. Miller and Rev. P. H. Hoge, D. D., pastor of that church, and the children of St. Andrew's Church were addressed by Rev. A. D. McClure, the pastor.

A Small Fire.

The alarm of fire Sunday morning about 10 o'clock from box 19, Eighth and Hanover streets, was on account of a small fire on the roof of a one-story frame dwelling on Eighth street, between Campbell and Hanover, owned and occupied by Cain Beery, colored. Damage about $10.

Snow in Mid Summer.

The Seaboard Air Line and Merchants & Miners' Transportation Co. are arranging for the operation of a special personally conducted tour from Atlanta, Georgia, and intermediate points on the S. A. L. to Providence, R. I., and return early in August, at an exceedingly low rate. Tickets will be limited to about 90 days from date of sale, thus giving the passengers an opportunity of making side-trips to Boston and the White Mountains and other Resorts in the east. The Excursion will be under the supervision of an experienced tourist agent, and a lady chaperone. A first-class steamer will be placed in service for this occasion and as the number of persons for which accommodations can be provided on the steamer is necessarily limited, it will be prudent for those who desire to join the party to make early application to their ticket agents and have their names registered for tickets and state-room berth on the steamer.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY MORNING'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 6; Chicago, 4.
Louisville, 4; Philadelphia, 2.
Cincinnati, 4; Washington, 3.
New York-Pittsburg—rain.
Brooklyn-Cleveland—rain.
Boston-St. Louis—rain.

YESTERDAY AFTERNOON'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 6; Chicago, 6.
Philadelphia, 14; Louisville, 0.
Cincinnati, 4; Washington, 3.
New York, 10; Pittsburg, 2.
Brooklyn, 5; Cleveland, 2.
Boston, 25; St. Louis, 5.

SUNDAY'S GAMES.

Chicago, 9; Baltimore, 8.
Cincinnati, 8; Washington, 7.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

St. Louis at Boston.
Cleveland at Brooklyn.
Pittsburg at New York.
Louisville at Philadelphia.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	23	8	.741
Cincinnati	23	11	.676
Pittsburg	18	11	.620
Boston	18	13	.600
Cleveland	18	13	.580
New York	14	13	.518
Brooklyn	15	16	.483
Louisville	14	16	.466
Philadelphia	16	17	.484
Chicago	11	22	.333
Washington	9	21	.300
St. Louis	6	26	.187

Twenty thousand people saw Rusie pitch "victory" for New York yesterday. Tannehill pitched for Pittsburg the first two innings, and the Giants made eight "marks" off him in the first inning.

The Baltimore-Chicago game yesterday afternoon was a hot one—9 to 9. Pfeffer's work at second bag was the feature of the game.

In the Louisville-Philadelphia game Clark knocked the ball over the right field fence of the Phillies' ball ground.

The Boston-St. Louis game was a farce on account of wet grounds.

The Reds are forging to the front rapidly. Three straights from Baltimore a few days ago and the capture of yesterday's games made it three straights from the Senators.

New York has gained sixth place.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Report of Dr. McMillan, Superintendent, on Sanitary Matters—Vital Statistics to be Recorded.

The Board of Health, consisting of Mayor S. P. Wright, Mr. W. H. Chadbourn, Superintendent of Health Dr. W. D. McMillan and Drs. G. G. Thomas and Frank H. Russell, met last night at the City Hall, Mayor Wright presiding.

The report of the Superintendent of Health, Dr. McMillan, from April 15th last to May 30th, was read and approved. The report showed that the health officers had inspected 6,172 premises; had found 1,906 premises in good condition; 4,000 had been cleaned and disinfectants furnished to 2,422. The report also showed that within that time one case of scarlet fever had been quarantined.

On motion, it was decided that all bills pertaining to this department must be approved by the superintendent of health before demand for payment of same be made.

After considering several other matters the Board adjourned to meet the last day in June.

The sanitary branch of the city government is fast reaching perfection. The superintendent of health now keeps a record of all deaths and births. The death certificate is issued by the attending physician, it is then endorsed by the superintendent of health, after inspection, and after the interment of the remains the attending undertaker signs it and returns it to the superintendent of health, and the certificate is kept and entered upon the records.

SERIOUSLY HURT.

Mr. Charles Williams Thrown from a Wagon in a Runaway Accident on Front Street.

Mr. Charley Williams, a driver of one of the Wilmington Steam Laundry's delivery wagons, met with a serious, though not fatal, accident yesterday morning about 10 o'clock. Mr. Williams was making his daily collection of laundry, and when he reached the residence of Mr. S. P. Collier, corner of Front and Grace streets, he tied his horse to a tree and went into the house to collect the laundry. He had just returned and had stepped into his wagon to drive off when his horse became frightened, it is supposed at the rattle of a cart pushed by a small boy, and ran furiously up the street. In front of Mr. Samuel Bear's residence one of the front wheels of the wagon came in contact with a tree, the collision throwing Mr. Williams out of the wagon on the brick sidewalk, a distance of about six feet. He fell on his right shoulder, breaking his right collar bone and receiving a severe scalp wound. The injured man was sent to his home, on Castle street, between Fifth and Sixth, in a carriage, where he received medical attention and his wounds were dressed. At last accounts last night he was resting easy.

The collision of the wagon with the tree utterly demolished the wheel of the wagon and threw the horse down, but the animal extricated himself without injury and continued his running away adventure.

Of Interest to Mariners.

The branch hydrographic office, Savannah, Ga., May 29th, reports:

Captain Mathiesen of the Norwegian barque *Zanrak*, reports that on May 18th, latitude 26° 29' north, longitude 71° 09' west, passed a derelict bottom up; only a portion of the keel and a part of the bottom appearing above water.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

HEAVY WIND STORM.

Caused Considerable Damage in Robeson County—Saw Mill at Buies Burned—Matters in Maxton—College Girls at Home for the Summer.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

MAXTON, N. C., May 31, 1897.

A heavy wind storm passed south and east of Maxton Saturday afternoon, doing considerable damage to timber lands. The cotton gin on Mr. A. J. Cottingham's farm, south of town, was blown down. At Alma, a house with five colored occupants, was demolished, but strange to say no one was hurt. Several tenement houses were unroofed there, as was the Alma Lumber Company's large saw mill; the smoke-stack was broken off, and their dry kiln destroyed.

The saw mill of Messrs. Fitzhugh & Williams, at Buies, this county, was destroyed by fire last Friday night.

Capt. W. R. Kendrick, who has entertained Legislative committees and Boards of Education with "What I know about text books," times almost without number, will lecture in Maxton Friday night on "Ups and Downs of Wife Hunting." He is said to be "rich, rare and racy."

Rev. Douglass A. Brown, of Alabama, is visiting his cousin, Mr. A. A. McLean, of this place, and other relatives in the county. He preached at Center Church yesterday.

It was a cousin instead of sister of Rev. W. M. Jones who died last week.

The health of the people of Maxton is almost perfect.

Rev. Mr. Bradshaw will deliver the literary address at Kinsey Female Seminary in LaGrange on Thursday.

Mrs. J. F. Wishart, of Wilmington, returned home last Saturday after a visit to relatives at Monroe and Maxton.

Some of Maxton's college girls have returned for the summer. Misses Mamie Currie and Anna Henderson, from Greensboro Female College, and Misses Bessie McLean, Cammie McCaskill and Hill, from "Peace." The Red Springs Seminary girls will come in later. Messrs. Angus McLean and Gilchrist McCormac will return from the University next week.

HEMENWAY SCHOOL FIRE.

The Insurance on Building and Contents Amounts to $11,050.

The scene of the fire fearly Sunday morning, as fully detailed in the issue of the STAR a few hours later, was a popular portion of the city all day Sunday. Many persons gathered there during the day to see the remains of the once handsome Hemenway school building.

The following is a correct account of the insurance on the building and contents, viz: New York Underwriters, represented by Col. Walker Taylor, $1,750 on building and $350 on library; Phœnix, of London, represented by Atkinson & Son, $1,535 on building and $375 on heater in the building; Liverpool, London & Globe, represented by J. H. Boatwright & Son, $1,700 on building and $300 on heater; Carolina, represented by Willard & Giles, $1,500 on building and $1,000 on furniture; Sun Mutual, represented by Willard & Giles, $1,075 on building and $175 on heater; Lion, represented by Dr. W. W. Harriss, $1,000 on building and $500 on furniture; National, represented by Dr. W. W. Harriss, $350 on furniture; Continental, represented by Dr. W. W. Harriss, $750 on building. Total, $9,900 on building and $2,750 on contents.

Last night the fire gave evidence of re-kindling, so Chief Schnibben, with his usual promptness, dispatched a hose reel to the scene, and the burning embers were soon extinguished.

The firemen speak in the warmest praise of Mr. E. Peschau and Mrs. Robinson, who so thoughtfully served them with luncheon.

Praise was heard on every hand yesterday for Chief Schnibben and his men in their management of the fire. Chief Schnibben received the following letter in the afternoon.

Mr. Chas. Schnibben, Chief of Fire Department, Wilmington, N. C:

SIR:—I desire herewith to express my satisfaction at the intelligence displayed in the management of Sunday morning's fire.

In behalf of myself and the Board of Aldermen you will please convey to the firemen our sincere thanks for the faithful service reddered.

Very respectfully,
SILAS P. WRIGHT, Mayor.

Musical Entertainment to be Given at the Y. M. C. A.

Mr. H. J. Hirshinger, of Charlotte, was in the city yesterday making arrangements for the coming of Mrs. Minnie Fish-Griffin and Mr. Bennett Griffin at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium next Monday night. The Charlotte *Observer* of last Saturday says:

The Derthick Musical-Literary Club was organized last night at the Presbyterian College. Mrs. Dewey was elected president, and Mr. Minor Elliott secretary. The musical numbers were perfectly rendered, those by Mrs. Griffin being especially fine. She sang the Soiveige song perfectly, and the audience was enraptured by her magnificent voice. Her rendition of the two Wagnerian numbers from Tannhauser and Lohengrin was also good. Mr. Griffin played in his always perfect strain, and added new laurels to his already enviable reputation as a violinist.

Mr. H. J. Hirshinger left this morning for Wilmington to arrange for a recital to be given by Mr. and Mrs. Griffin. The *Observer* can cordially recommend this talented couple to the music-loving people of the City by the Sea.

Two Dollar Rate on Carolina Central.

For the benefit of those wishing to spend a day at the seashore the Seaboard Air Line has authorized a rate of two dollars for the round trip to Wilmington from stations on the Carolina Central (Charlotte to Lamberton inclusive.) Tickets on sale Saturdays, good to return not later than train leaving Wilmington 3.30 p. m. Monday following.

What Has the Bible Done?

Bible students and Christian people generally should not forget the lecture at the Y. M. C. A. to-night by Rev. W. L. Caniaggim. He will speak on the "Power of the Bible, as Shown in its Effects on Nations and Individuals." The lecture will begin at 8.30 o'clock and will be free to all who wish to attend, both men and women.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

CHURCH DEDICATION.

A Memorial to the Late Dr. Atkinson, of the Southern Presbyterian Church.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

KINSTON, N. C., May 31.—In the month of October, 1891, eight Presbyterians met and organized a church of that faith in Kinston. Services were held once a month in private homes, the court house, or the opera house, the pulpit being supplied by pastors of the Presbyterian Church from other points.

This small band of Christians finally determined to build a house of worship, which should be worthy of them and a credit to the town. In the face of many difficulties their hopes were realized, and yesterday the Atkinson Memorial Church (called in memory of Dr. Atkinson for many years pastor of the church at Raleigh) was dedicated to the service of God. The dedicatory sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. Payne, of Washington, N. C., and seldom have the people of Kinston been treated to a more excellent or appropriate sermon. Rev. C. G. Vardell followed with a brief history of the church, in the erection and growth of which he was instrumental to so great a degree. Then the usual ceremony of dedication took place.

Under the pastoral charge of Rev. E. D. Brown this church has grown wonderfully, now numbering thirty-five members, and with a handsome church building, free from all encumbrances, he and his congregation have every reason to feel proud of the results of their labors.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Mrs. W. E. Mayo

HAS OPENED THE OCEAN VIEW HOTEL for the season, where she is now prepared to serve her guests as formerly. my 27 1w

Seventh Series.

THE FIRST INSTALLMENT OF THE Seventh Series of the North Carolina Home Building Association is payable on Saturday, June 5th. All those desiring Stock should secure it at once from FRANK H. STEDMAN, my 25 1w Sec'y and Treasurer.

Notice.

JUST RECEIVED, ANOTHER CAR LOAD of Horses and Mules at my stables on North Water street. Will be sold cheap. Amongst them some extra good drivers. I also carry a full line of Harness. my 21 3t F. T. MILLS.

Goods Below Must Go.

100 BARRELS SALT MULLETS 2 CENTS, 200 bales Timothy Hay, 50 bales Wrapping Paper 25 bales Paper Sacks, all sizes. A full line of Groceries always on hand. R. R. STONE & CO., Commission Merchants, my 25 D&W tf No. 7 South Water St.

Sale of Valuable Land.

ON SATURDAY, JUNE 5TH, 1897, AT 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, the undersigned will sell at public auction, for cash, a tract of land containing about 300 acres, lying in Rocky Point Township, Pender county, on the west side of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad, and adjoining the lands of James B. Bordeaux, Mrs. Armstrong, and others, being the same which was conveyed to me by W. W. Alderman, sheriff, by deed recorded in Book "S," page 285 of Pender county records. A. G. RICAUD, my 30 1w Receiver First National Bank.

Notice.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COpartnership in the Fire and Life Insurance business under the firm name of Atkinson & Chadbourn and ask of our friends their patronage. WILLIAM M. ATKINSON, CHARLES C. CHADBOURN.

I have this day withdrawn from the Insurance Agency of Atkinson & Son. Messrs. Atkinson and Chadbourn will continue said business in the office heretofore occupied by the old firm. I ask most respectfully the patronage of my friends for my successors. I continue the Agency of Marine Insurance Companies. Office with Atkinson & Chadbourn. JOHN WILDER ATKINSON. June 1, 1897. 1t 1w

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m., 3.30 p. m., 6.10 p. m., 7.35 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.00 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 4.00 p. m., 6.15 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., 3.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., 6.30 p. m.

NOTICE.

Ice and Marketing on 6.30 a. m. train. Freight will be received until 9.40 a. m. for 10.10 train; until 4.30 p. m. for 6.10 train. No freight carried on other trains. R. OSCAR GRANT, jn 1 tf Superintendent.

GRAND CONCERT
BY THE
Second Regiment Band
At Opera House at 8.30 P. M.,
FRIDAY, MAY 28TH, 1897.
A MAGNIFICENT PROGRAMME.

The Band will have the kind and valuable assistance of the best professional and amateur talent of the city.
Price of admission 35 cents, general; reserve seats 25 cents. The reserved seat sale opens at Gerken's Thursday, May 27th. my 26 4t

Wanted,

5,000 Pounds WOOL.
3,000 Pounds BEESWAX.
2,000 Pounds COW HIDES.
Highest cash prices paid. Quotations furnished on request.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
13 Market St., Wilmington, N. C. my 20 tf

Attention!
Sportsmen AND Tourists!
—THE—
Seaboard Air Line
Reaches All the Famous
Hunting and Fishing Grounds
—OF—
Virginia and the Carolinas.
Commencing June 1st.
Summer Tourist Tickets
On Sale at all Stations.
Stop Over Privileges
Allowed All Tourists.
Sportsmen's Bicycles Carried Free.
SOLID PULLMAN
VESTIBULED
LIMITED
—TRAINS—
Train Service Unequalled.
NO EXTRA FARES.
E. St. John,
V. P. and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. Glover, Traffic Manager. T. J. Anderson, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.
General Offices—PORTSMOUTH, VA.
je 1 tf

Ladies' Underwear.

Corset Covers 13 to 50 cents.
Drawers 25 to 75 cents.
Skirts 39c up to $1.25.
Chemise 25c to $1.48.
Gowns 50c to $1.25.
Latest styles. Lowest prices.

CORSETS.

American Lady.

The best $1 Corset,
R. & G. 50c to $1 25,
Warner's 75c to $1 25
and many other makes
at lowest prices.

J. H. REHDER & CO.
Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. my 30 tf

Foreclosure Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE Superior Court of New Hanover county, made in the case of Iredell Meares and P. H. Rowlers, vs. S. F. Yopp et al., the undersigned Commissioner appointed by said decree, will expose for sale to the highest bidder at public auction, for cash, on Monday, June 21st, 1897, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, N. C., at 12 o'clock m., the following lot of land situate in the city of Wilmington, N. C., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southern line of Brunswick street 207 and ½ feet East of the Eastern line of Fifth street and running thence with the Southern line of Brunswick street Eastwardly 30 feet; thence South and parallel with Fifth street 66 feet; thence West and parallel with Brunswick street 30 feet, and thence North and parallel with Sixth street 66 feet to the beginning, the same being east ½ Lot 1 in Block 207, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington, all of which is particularly described in a certain Deed of Mortgage executed by S. F. Yopp and wife, Katie M. Yopp, to the Carolina Loan and Building and Loan Association, bearing date January 8th, 1896, and recorded in book 11, pages 341 and 342, Records of New Hanover county. S. P. COLLIER, my 25 3t jn 1 & 15 30 Commissioner.

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT SCHEDULE.

On and after May 25th, Boat leaves except Sunday 9.30 a. m. and 6 p. m.
Leave Beach 1.30 and 6 p. m.
Leave Southport 12.30 and 6.15 p. m.
Leaves Sunday for Carolina Beach only at 10 a. m. and 3.30 p. m.
Leaves Beach at 12.30 and 8 p. m.
*Connects with Yacht Undine at Harper's Pier. my 25 tf

J. L. HILL
PRINTING COMPANY'S
Directory of Wilmington, 1897.
Containing a general business and street directory.
Price $3.00.
For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.
J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,
Owners and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1897

A SINGLE EXCEPTION.

We published a few days ago, with some comment, the report of the President of the Sanford Spinning mills in Massachusetts, who visited the South as one of a committee appointed to inspect the cotton mills of the South, with a view to ascertaining the ability of Southern mills to compete with New England mills. While this report was decidedly favorable to the South, we remarked that it was but one of a number of similar reports by New England cotton men, some of which were even more favorable.

Since publishing that report we have found the following editorial in the Philadelphia *Record*, suggested by the report of Mr. C. W. Dennett, of North Adams, Mass., who represents one of the large mills there. The editorial, which embraces the salient features of the report, reads thus:

"Until recently very fine cotton cloths were all imported; but within the past year successful efforts have been made at New Bedford and Fall River to produce the finest grades. Southern competition in coarse ginghams and other cheap cotton cloths is doubtless partly responsible for these improvements. Confirmatory proof of this is furnished in the recent report on cotton manufacturing in the South by Mr. C. W. Dennett, agent of one of the large cotton mills at North Adams, Mass., which states that a modern brick mill can be built in an average location at least 20 per cent. cheaper in the South than in the North. Water power is abundant, and in many places is cheap. In the neighborhood of Anniston and Jacksonville, Ala., coal is obtained at $1.50 a ton, and at this price the steam power costs only one-half as much as at the average New England mill. With regard to labor, equally large differences in favor of the South are shown, ranging from 25 per cent. to 50 per cent. The total manufacturing costs of ginghams at certain mills was about 10-10ths of the costs of similar work in the North. Raw cotton is hauled directly to the mills in very many cases without going to the compress; and in Arkansas its delivery is guaranteed at 1¼ to 1½ cents less per pound than at the mills in New England. Taxes are as a rule very low, and in some instances premiums are offered by towns of new mills both by donation of land and remission of taxes for a series of years. The rate of interest on borrowed capital is about 2 per cent. higher on the average in the South than in New England. Taking a suppositious case as an illustration of the financial effect of these different economic elements, it is shown that in a modern mill, having 10,000 spindles and a stock capitalization of $190,000, running on print cloth, the saving in cotton, labor and power will amount to over $18,000 per annum in the operation of the Southern mill; and after deducting a liberal allowance for saving in interest in the Northern mill and cost of transportation for the same output a balance of about $15,000 still appears in favor of the product from the Southern mill.

"The conclusion drawn from these statements is that the competition of the Southern mills in cheap grades of product will compel the Northern mills to abandon such goods and confine themselves exclusively to the manufacture of the finer grades. In fact, this process of evolution is now going on. The New England gingham mills have been compelled to change, and it has been found that such mills have actually been able to buy in the open market print cloths made in the South at a lower price than they could manufactur them in the North. The change will no doubt compel some of the old mills to close while others will introduce new methods and machinery. There is apparently no assurance that the advantages which are gradually giving to the South the control of the manufacture of the coarser cloths will not finally avail to conquer the whole business. It is a case of 'the survival of the fittest.'"

We reproduce this for two reasons; one because it shows from a New England standpoint that the Southern cotton manufacturers are no rainbow chasers, and that they are making no unfounded claim as to their ability to successfully compete with the world; the other because there are two points in it to which we wish to call attention, both being suggestive in their way. The first is the statement that not until recently were the finest cotton goods manufactured in New England. Driven by Southern competition out of the manufacture of certain kinds of goods which they had been making some of the manufacturers turned their attention to classes of goods which had heretofore been imported, equipped their mills for that kind of work, entered upon it and succeeded. They didn't venture upon those kinds of goods before because they were making a satisfactory profit on the lines in which they were engaged until their Southern competitors entered the field and took the business out of their hands. Then they put in the machinery and the skilled labor to make the finest goods.

This sustains a point that we have frequently made in discussing the wider range that cotton manufacturing would take in the South, and how little they had to rest upon who encouraged themselves to believe that the South would prove a formidable and successful competitor of the North only in the coarser grades of goods. The Southern mills will do precisely as these New Bedford mills did, that is continue to make certain lines of goods while there is satisfactory profit in them, and when this ceases from overproduction or other causes, they will cease, go higher, and equip themselves with the machinery and labor to manufacture finer grades. Because the finest goods were not made in this country the English manufacturers may have deluded themselves with the belief that these goods could not be made here, just as a good many of the Northern mill men have nursed the delusion that only certain kinds of goods could be made in the South because only certain kinds were made.

The Southern mills will in time, when the field for the coarser fabrics becomes pretty well covered and shows indications of becoming crowded, turn their attention to finer and the finest goods just as these New England mill men have done, and with equal if not greater success. It is simply a question of more effective machinery and more expert labor, both of which will be obtainable by Southern manufacturers as they were by the New Bedford manufacturers. There is no kind of cotton goods which will not be made in the South when the time comes that it may be expedient for our manufacturers to engage in their manufacture.

The other point is the statement that the New England manufacturers can borrow money at about two per cent. less interest than the Southern manufacturers can. This is the single exception where the New England manufacturer has any advantage over the Southern manufacturer. This being the fact isn't it a potent argument for more money in the South, for a larger volume of currency, either by the free coinage of silver, or by the establishment of State banks, or both? We think it is.

MINOR MENTION.

Different opinions have been expressed as to the time it will take to put the Senate Tariff bill through. Some Senators have been quoted as expressing the opinion that the debate can be closed by July 1st, while others think it will run till August. The dispatch with which they disposed of the first schedules encouraged the belief in some that they would make short work of it, but there wasn't much fighting material in them. They didn't make quite such good time Saturday. But the real nip and tuck will come when they strike the beer tax, tobacco tax, the hide tax and the wool and sugar schedules, on all of which there is a decided differenec of opinion. If the Republicans had a large majority they might rush things as they do in the House, but they haven't any margin to make them saucy and consequently they have to play a conciliatory game for the opposition of one or two Senators on their side may be as fatal as the opposition of a dozen might be ordinarily. Senators Pritchard and Deboe, for instance, can, if they will, defeat the increase of the tobacco tax, while an equal number of Western Senators can defeat the beer tax, and an equal number from the East can defeat the wool tax or the hide tax. As the situation presents itself a few votes will be enough to defeat any of these measures, and the defeat of these means a radical revision of the whole scheme. The Washington *Post*, which has, doubtless, had good opportunities to feel the pulse of the Senators, doesn't give much encouragement to those who are looking for a speedy settlement of that question, as will be seen by the following clipped from the issue of Friday:

"Those very sanguine New York gentlemen who took it for granted, two or three days ago, that the taking up by the Senate of the tariff bill and the opening speech thereon by Mr. Aldrich meant a speedy, not to say immediate, conclusion of the business will perhaps return to a more conservative view of the matter before the week is out.

"We venture just two predictions for the benefit of our sanguine friends alluded to: First, the Senate will not get through with the tariff bill for several weeks to come—say six or seven weeks—and, secondly, the tariff bill in its present shape will not become law either at the end of seven weeks or at any other time. The first day's work on the measure disposed of exactly two pages. There are 217 pages of it in all. It is true that on that first day the burning question of boracic acid arose to hinder and obstruct the progress. It is equally true that on other days no such tremendous issues may be broached. But there are items yet to be considered compared with which boracic acid is as rain water to red liquor in capacity for excitement. Beer still awaits us. Tobacco lurks in ambush. Wool, hides, sugar, and a dozen other tempestuous agents stalk abroad. The woods are full of awkward possibilities. There are some questions upon which the Republicans themselves are not agreed, and as to which, according to present indications, they are not likely to agree. We must bear in mind also that to pass this bill or any part of it there is needed not only perfect unanimity among the Republicans, but the cordial and devoted co-operation of at least three members of the opposition. It may all be arranged eventually. We may at last have the new Republican tariff law which, as its authors confess, does not guarantee sufficient revenue. But the end is not yet. We shall be wearing flannel trousers and straw hats and negligee shirts when the last word is said.

"We venture, therefore, to say to our New York fellow-citizens of Wall street, or any other old street, that they will be wise to restrain the cheerful shout and bottle up the wild hooray. At least for a few weeks, more or less."

According to Havana dispatches we may soon look for the return of Commissioner Calhoun and his report on the case of Ruiz. As foreshadowed by the newspaper correspondents this report will contain little that was not previously known, as it has been impossible to get the testimony of the inmates of the prison, who feared to tell all they knew lest they should bring down upon themselves the vengeance of the prison authorities, a fact which might have been anticipated before Mr. Calhoun was sent to Cuba, as that was the special object of his mission. But his report will be important whether it add any new information or not for it will be official and of such a character that this Government can act upon it, and will give strength to the reports of the consuls if it corroborates these, of which there does not seem to be any doubt. Ostensibly Speaker Reed has been choking off resolutions in reference to Cuba, awaiting the report of Mr. Calhoun, so as not to embarrass the administration by forcing it to premature action, but with this report in there can be no excuse, of that kind for choking them off. At all events the friends of Cuba in the House will be in a better position to make a fight for them.

The Canadian Supreme Court has decided that a man or a woman who leaves Canada, resides in the United States long enough to get a divorce and then returns to Canada to live, may be punished for bigamy. If that law were adopted by some of our States it would knock the bottom out of the divorce industry of other States.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Those meddlesome people who are doing everything in their power to retard the return of prosperity are now finding fault with Gen. Miles' pleasure trip and the expense involved.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— The frantic efforts that Mark Hanna is making to round up the traiff bill and cut out the increase beer tax, and shows quite clearly he is afraid something will drop at the Ohio election this year and that the lump will be about his size.—*New Orleans State, Dem.*

—— The gratifying news comes from Washington that all of the Mississippi Valley flood sufferers have been cared for, and that of the $200,000 appropriated by the Federal Government for their relief about one-half remains unexpended. Such a showing is as welcome on humanitarian as on economic grounds; and yet it is no more than might have been expected. There are rarely any scandals when army officers are made the almoners of public funds.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Whoever is responsible for the publication of Jesse Grant's bill of personal expenses in connection with his trip to this city to take part in the ceremonies in honor of his father could hardly have selected a more displeasing method of proving his bad taste. Fancy inviting the yellow journals and the other papers which are becoming tinged with yellow to make capital out of such a trivial feature of such an occasion! Many a man in New York would have paid the amount of the bill, $759, to have had the facts kept where they belonged.—*New York Commercial Advertiser. Rep.*

Seventy million people know Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, strengthens the system and gives good health. †

TWINKLINGS.

— Do you go to school my little man?" asked the smiling visitor.

"Naw," drawled the hopeful; "I's sent."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

—Newlywed (proudly) —"I always make it a point to tell my wife everything that happens."

Old Sport—"Pooh! That's nothing. I tell my wife lots of things that never happen."—*Tit Bits*

— "I'm inclined to believe that alleged German Count is an impostor."

"Why?"

"He's paying as he goes, and he always has lots of ready cash at hand."—*Philadelphia North American.*

— Lawyer—I am afraid I can't do much for you. They seem to have conclusive evidence that you committed the burglary.

Client—Can't you object to the evidence as immaterial and irrelevant?—*London Tit Bits.*

— Wickwire—Either Mudge is more humble than any other known man, or he is a liar.

Yabsley—Will you please explain?

"He says he doesn't believe he would look well in knickerbockers."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "No, I didn't have a very good time," she said. "I wanted to talk, and there wasn't a man there."

"But there were plenty of other girls."

"Oh, of course; but that was no satisfaction, for they all wanted to talk, too."—*Chicago Post.*

— The Bright Youngster — "Mamma, if I am good will I go to heaven?"

Mamma—"Yes, dear."

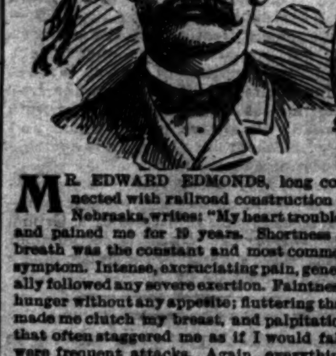
The Bright Youngster—"How'll I get back"—*Cincinnati Commercial Tribue.*

— Patient—Isn't it a little dangerous to administer anæsthetic? Must be terrible to have one die in your chair after you have given him ether.

Dentist—Yes; it was for that reason that we adopted a rule that where an anæsthetic is administered the patient must pay in advance.—*Boston Transcript.*

Full Details Gladly Given.

A Railroad Official's Experience.



MR. EDWARD EDMONDS, long connected with railroad construction in Nebraska, writes: "My heart troubled and pained me for 19 years. Shortness of breath was the constant and most common symptom. Intense, excruciating pain, generally followed any severe exertion. Faintness, hunger without any appetite; fluttering that made me clutch my breast, and palpitation that often staggered me as if I would fall, were frequent attacks. Again, everything would turn black if I arose from a stooping posture quickly. Sleepless nights with their prostrating unrest were numerous and I could get no rest day or night. I consulted leading physicians and tried advertised remedies. They gave me no relief. One of Dr. Miles' circulars described my case so exactly that I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and I am now a well man. I hope every one troubled with heart disease will try Dr. Miles' remedies. If they will write me personally, I will gladly give them full details of my experience." EDW. EDMONDS.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health......

P. O. Box 65, David City, Nebraska.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."]

For sale by all Druggists. EChange.

June 15 1y ju tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Windsor *Orient*: Lightning struck the barn in which Mr. J. C. Freeman had lived since his late fire, on Monday and burned it down with all he had. During the night lightning struck his stables and tore the roof off.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Mrs. Long, wife of Rev. Thomas Long, died of typhoid fever at one o'clock this morning at her home near Midway, Davidson county. Deceased was about 58 years old and was sick only eight days.

— Rockingham *Index*: An unknown white man, a tramp, was shot and fatally wounded near Laurinburg Thursday. Two negroes who were with him say he shot himself, but they were arrested on suspicion and are in jail. The man was alive at last accounts, but is not expected to recover.

— Danbury *Reporter*: The wheat crop is very promising in this section. —— We have not heard at any time so much complaint of cut worms in tobacco fields. Some farmers say that they just had to plant almost their entire crop over again. —— There hardly ever was such an outlook for a big blackberry crop in this section. The blackberry briers are so heavily loaded that we fear some of them will break down.

— Winston *Journal*: Mr. H. E. Fries returned yesterday from the Yadkin, says that things are moving right along in the direction of bringing the power of the river to this city. Hands are busily engaged in laying a side track from the Mocksville railroad, a distance of about 1,600 feet, and the contractor, with his force, is on the ground, ready to begin work on the dam. The work will be pushed forward with all possible speed, and it will not be long before the old Yadkin will be turning things 'round in the Twin City.

— Marion *Messenger*: After some careful inquiry it appears that generally there will be a good wheat crop in this section of the country. Only certain kinds of wheat much subject to rust are seriously injured. —— Col. Frank Coxe will build an iron bridge over Broad river between his place and Rutherfordton, he paying his taxes in advance for a long period in that way, the Rutherford commissioners giving him a low interest on the advance. —— Mr. A. M. Huger, whom many in our section know, in his summer visits and travels among the mountains of Western Northern Carolina, is gathering botanical specimens (new kinds he may discover) for Columbia College, New York. A flower that he recently discovered has been named by the college in his honor: "Vicia Huger-II."

At the Portals of the Unknown.

On one occasion only has any really serious attempt been made to explore and investigate the regions situated to the south of the Antarctic circle, and that attempt, incredible as it may appear, was made more than 50 years ago.

Nothing of importance has been undertaken since. Even the portals of this unknown area can hardly be said to have been approached during that time. Half a century is a long period, especially in this enterprising and adventurous age, when the ever restless and enthusiastic energies of the pioneers of civilization are leaving their indelible footprints over portions of the globe that 50 years ago were deemed almost inaccessible, for one particular part of the world to remain wrapped in the same impenetrable darkness that has surrounded it from time immemorial.

Now, however, the time has arrived when the question of polar research in both hemispheres should be equally considered. There is still much to be done in the north, and so long as gallant explorers, like Nansen, Jackson and Peary continue to devote their energies in that direction, we shall not rest satisfied until the entire area of nearly a million and a half square miles has been faithfully delineated on our maps. But it is an indisputable fact that there is much more than this to be done in the south, for there is more than seven times that extent of undiscovered area to be explored, and although the Antarctic circle has been pierced in two or three places, our geographical knowledge of that region is not only extremely limited, but may be regarded as purely conjectural. In the Antarctic we have absolutely everything to learn.—Admiral A. H. Markham, R. N., in North American Review.

A Church Story.

Not very many years ago, in a country church in the west of England, the rector, preaching with great earnestness for home missions, took for his text, "Feed me with food convenient for me." As he came down from the pulpit, well content with the effect his eloquence had produced on the congregation, the disturbing thought struck him that he had made no arrangement for the collection (sure to be a liberal one on this occasion). As he passed through the chancel he whispered hurriedly to an intelligent choirboy, "Go into the vestry, take the plate you will find on the table, hand it round to the congregation, and then bring it to me." The boy departed on his errand, and the rector took his place within the communion rails and gave out the offertory hymn.

The last words of this had scarcely died away when the boy stood before him, a plate of biscuits in his hand, and an apologetic expression on his chubby face. "Please, sir," he explained in an audible voice, "I've handed them all round to everybody, and nobody won't take none!"—London Gentlewoman.

Runaway horses are unknown in Russia. No one drives there without having a thin cord with a running noose around the neck of the animal. When an animal bolts, the cord is pulled, and the horse stops as soon as it feels the pressure on the windpipe.

A walk in the rain, with the face exposed to the wet, is very beneficial to the skin.

A needle machine turns out 1,500,000 needles a week.

The Grandest Remedy.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of, but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

QUARTERLY MEETINGS

For the Wilmington District of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:

Columbus, June 4.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, June 5, 6.

Waccamaw, June 8.

Kenansville, at Warsaw, June 10, 11.

Magnolia, June 12, 13.

Bladen, June 19, 20.

Elizabeth, at Carver's Creek, June 26, 27.

The District Conference will meet at Clinton and will embrace the second Sunday in July. R. C. BEAMAN, Presiding Elder.

KNEW LINCOLN WELL.

UNCLE PHILIP CLARK'S RECOLLECTIONS OF HIS FRIEND ABE.

The First Meeting Was In the Flatboating Days—Served Together Afterward In the Black Hawk War—Was Lincoln a Humorist by Nature?

Uncle Philip Clark, who died in Mattoon, Ills., on Feb. 15, 1897, was the last person to die of those intimately associated with Abraham Lincoln in the emancipator's early experience in Sangamon and Menard counties. The frosts of 85 winters had whitened the old man's locks at the time of his death, but they had not chilled his enthusiasm or weakened the interest in the man he learned to love and admire in his youth and whose memory he cherished until death.

I had many conversations with Mr. Clark about Lincoln. Shortly before Uncle Philip's death he told me that he first met Lincoln in 1831 under circumstances which were such as to live in his memory.

"The scene of my first meeting with him is as vivid in memory as my walk down town yesterday," said the old man, whose eye twinkled with the keen sense of the grotesque aroused by some features of the incident. This is the story as he told it to me:

"My father and I were living about eight miles from Springfield and were embarking in the business of flatboating, which was a sort of craze, as you now call it, among the well to do old settlers who sought a market for their flour and pork on the lower Mississippi. We were loading on the south fork of the Sangamon when one day in the midst of our work we observed a tall, lank, lean stranger coming out of the woods and toward us.

"He had on a ragged coat, an old drooping hat and a pair of tattered jean pants, the half of one leg of which was then off and the other extended down into a rough, coarse pair of gaping shoes. His appearance made me laugh, and I winked at father, who soon began to converse with him. I was 15 years old and the visitor was then about 22. He soon told us his mission. He did not smile. He was so earnest all the while that his very earnestness impressed me. He bore a letter to my father from Denton Offut, an old acquaintance of ours who had a flatboat on the other fork of the river which had caught on a snag in the stream and defied the efforts of the men to remove it. The visitor was Abe Lincoln, and the letter he brought was one asking my father for help. Father told me to accompany Lincoln to Offut's boat. He was to come on later.

"Lincoln and I walked together six miles to where the boat was stuck. In a few moments we dislodged it and sent it floating down to the fork of the river.

"I have often heard Lincoln credited with joking and merrymaking late in life, and some have called him a humorist by nature. With all due regard for the opinions of the great men who seem to know so much more of Lincoln's heart and mind than we who grew up with him, I must deny the correctness of this, for he was the saddest and most earnest man I ever knew, and had my acquaintance with him terminated and had I never heard of him after that flatboat event, I would never have forgotten the impression of sorrow he made on me then. If Abe Lincoln learned anything, he learned how to joke, for the art was not bred with him, but came to him in after years to oil the great machine of mind straining under the burdens that God chose to put upon him.

"He told me in my conversation at that first meeting that he was working for $8 a month. He talked freely, but deliberately, and had a faculty of impressing those around him. You would call it mesmerism nowadays.

"Mr. Lincoln and Offut waited for us two days at the fork of the river, and at the end of that time my father, myself and William McLease, with the boat steerer, Sam McKee, joined them. There was danger of the snags, and we all tied up at night and built a fire and enjoyed ourselves socially. Lincoln told me he thought he could better his situation, as he had no liking for the flatboat business. He thought seriously of settling at Walnut Hills, a place not far from Beardstown. But we did not agree as to the enterprise, and Lincoln abandoned this idea.

"The trip to Beardstown required seven days. We had a man of the name of Ward who did the cooking, and had a skiff to take us ashore when we wished to land at any place. During this trip I became as well acquainted with Lincoln as one young man well could with another. His conversation was such as to draw out information from his companions. He was always, even in those cheerless times, aspiring to better knowledge and better position.

"I returned to my home near Springfield after parting with my new friend at Beardstown. I did not go farther down the river at that time, and he went to New Orleans. Neighborhoods then were not a few miles across as now, but they covered immense spaces. People spoke of others living 30 or 40 miles away as neighbors, though the country was beginning to fill up.

"I saw Lincoln occasionally, but was not again associated with him until the spring of 1832, when, with a number of others, I enlisted for the Black Hawk war, and by my own choice in Mr. Lincoln's company. I was surprised and glad to see him an officer. We went together to Beardstown, where, on account of my ability as a boat steerer and my knowledge of the waters, I was transferred to another company and went to Fort Armstrong, near Rock Island. Lincoln secured me the position, and it was a great improvement on the duties of a private soldier on the march. I was given the choice of rowboats and many other nice privileges.

"Lincoln rejoined us at the fort, and the army proceeded up the river. I was with Lincoln every day now, and made the acquaintance of several other men whom I did not then think would figure in history. There were Jeff Davis, a second lieutenant in the Seventh infantry, and Joe Johnston, captain. I got to know them both. Davis drilled my company. I met and knew Zach Taylor, who walked round over the boats every day in an old rough blouse, making him look like anything but a commander. But beneath his gruff and short words I learned to know that old Zach had a kind heart."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Gold Beating.

The process of preparing gold until it is reduced to a thickness of 1-280,000 of an inch is necessarily elaborate. The gold is first cast into ingots 4 inches in length and 1 inch in width, which weigh from 10 to 17 ounces, according to thickness. It is then passed between polished rollers, worked by steam, until it forms a ribbon 28 yards long and 1-800 inch thick. These ribbons are then cut into 180 pieces, an inch square, and placed between vellum, and then the real business of the gold beater is begun. He beats for half an hour with a 20 pound hammer, making the inch square into 3 inches square. Then these pieces are quartered, becoming 1½ inches square. He beats again for 1½ hours, until the 1½ inch square becomes 4 inches square. The 4 inch pieces are again quartered and beaten and finally cut to proper size—viz., squares of 3 3-8 inches, of a thickness (or rather "thinness") of 1-280,000 of an inch, and in this shape the leaf is lifted into books of tissue paper.—New York Sun.

His Explanation.

"I wonder," he said musingly, "why it is that girls wear bloomers."

"I know," yelled her small brother.

"Willie!" she exclaimed, half threateningly and half pleadingly.

"Why?" asked the caller with evident amusement.

"'Cause they won't admit they're old enough to get into long pants," answered Willie.—Chicago Post.

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c or $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

BOGUS AUTOGRAPHS.

ROBERT SPRING'S SUCCESS IN BOLD LITERARY FRAUDS.

His Specialty Was the Signatures of Early American Patriots, and His Forgeries Are Treasured by Many a Collector. How He Was Detected.

One of the most expert of autograph forgers flourished in this country and for a time enjoyed a success only equaled by that of the notorious Vrain Lucas, the Frenchman who victimized M. Charles, the savant, to the tune of 40,000 francs. The name of this rogue was Robert Spring, and though the actual scene of his rascalities was not New York, there are many in New York's collection that are infected by his fabrications, and that, too, in the department now held in highest esteem—that of American history, and especially of Washingtoniana.

Spring was a Londoner born, and served his time as indentured clerk to a scrivener of that city. This person, Furnival by name, was a noted bibliophile, and it was in his employ that Spring doubtless acquired his knowledge of old books and his marvelous facility in using the pen.

It was in 1845 that Spring came to this country and opened a bric-a-brac shop in Baltimore, dealing also in rare books and autographs. In the last line his business was large and profitable, as he made the autographs himself, needing no other tools than the stump of a quill pen, a bottle of brown ink and a few blank leaves taken from the volumes on his shelves. Encouraged by his success, he overdid the thing, and Baltimore became undesirable as a place of residence. So he removed to Philadelphia in the early fifties (1854 it is supposed) and opened another curiosity store on South street, west of Broad, and for a number of years did well and even prospered.

Collecting autographs was a fashion of the time, and Spring fabricated them by the ream, asserting in later years that he had sold at least 600 Washingtons, besides many Clymers, Franklins, Hopkinsons, Jeffersons, Whipples and others. He was very partial to the signatures of the signers, in fact, and supplied them to the trade ad libitum. He not only had much knowledge of out of the way Revolutionary history, but also was an excellent narrator, and is his convivial moments a most amusing companion. His frauds must have been almost numberless, for he did a large business, both in New York and Canada, selling to a lawyer in this city 60 bogus letters from Benedict Arnold and his wife Margaret, while he supplied the erudite Kanucks with many Franklins and Washingtons.

Suspicion was first aroused against him when the library of one of the early American judges, a connection of the Washington family, was sold at auction in Philadelphia. Many of the books had in them the autograph of Washington, and these naturally brought high prices. But it was thought extremely odd, to say the least, when in one of the volumes a letter of Spring's was found, worded ambiguously and offering his services to some one interested in the sale, a nephew of the judge. Moreover, a copy of a book printed in 1804 was also graced with Washington's signature. It is difficult to see how Washington could have written in a book published after his death, and this posthumous proceeding provoked much talk, well informed bookmen being of the opinion that Spring's omnivorous industry in deception had been employed in giving a fictitious value to volumes with the autographs. However, this was mere suspicion, and came to nothing.

Perhaps, indeed, if Spring had led a regular life he might never have been more than dimly suspected. But for his drinking habits it is a question whether he would have been detected at all. Wary and reticent when sober, he was just the opposite when drunk, and toward the last of his life this was his usual condition. While intoxicated he would make no secret of his forgeries, but would take up a pen and show his skill by writing a Penn, a Clymer or a Morris. To a friend he declared that he had sold to a country clergyman an autograph of Pontius Pilate for $3, and he described with much humor the trembling eagerness with which this modern Dr. Primrose secured his fancied prize.

His actual detection was due to a Dr. Davis of Philadelphia, to whom he had sold a number of the signatures of the signers. By accident one of them became wet and faded out. It was then found that it had not been written with ink, but with a brownish pigment which the forger himself had made. Dr. Davis' inquiries made Spring's swindling manifest. Spring was arrested and taken before Mayor McMichael, who declared that there was no excuse for such pranks. "Collectors," he proceeded to say, "had the means of testing the characters of these writings by comparison with numerous authentic specimens of the handwriting of the immortal Washington, to whom we are so indebted," etc. Accordingly, a Washington autograph was borrowed for the moment from the Independence hall collection, about the genuineness of which there could be, of course, no doubt. This autograph was laid side by side with the forged paper. Their agreements were startling, but confusion and tribulation followed when Spring said quietly:

"Why, gentlemen, that's one of mine too!"

For a few seconds there was silence, and then unmitigated disgust at themselves among the collectors assembled in court. Then the mayor told Spring that the dignity of the law would be vindicated in his case some day, and the forger left the room as soon as possible. Deprived by exposure of his former income, he lived meanly and miserably, wasting in wretched dissipation the few dollars he made by petty forgeries. Finally his habits demoralized him completely, and he became reckless in his swindling and escaped imprisonment frequently only on the plea of extreme poverty. At length he died in the Pennsylvania hospital of asthma, aggravated by intemperance. Though he has been dead many years, his fabrications still exist in large numbers and enrich many collections. Valueless papers are hard to trace, and, moreover, some collectors would object to the tracing. It is not always agreeable to have the authenticity of one's collection questioned.—New York Sun.

The Popes.

Two hundred and ninety-three popes have succeeded each other, and only 11 of them, including the present pope, have reigned more than 17 years. Leo XIII has reigned 19 years. Pius IX reigned 32 years, thereby stultifying the popular superstition that no pope would reign more than 25. Leo owes his fine health and astonishing powers of work, firstly, to his frugal up bringing in the Italian hills, and in the next place to his regularity of lifelong abstemiousness. He lives on less than 5 francs a day.

The Plucking of Fowls.

The Australian method of plucking fowls possesses the advantages of being rapid and easy. As soon as the birds are dead, plunge each in turn into a pail of boiling water, into which one and a half pints of cold water has been thrown—the object is just to scald them—taking care that the water reaches every part of the feathers. One minute's sousing is generally sufficient. If kept in too long, the skin is apt to discolor, and if not long enough, the feathers will not easily draw. Every feather can now be stripped off in the easiest possible manner—in fact, they can almost be brushed off. The skin never tears, and the insects that infest all chickens will have disappeared. When clear, pump on the birds to rinse off the wet feathers that still adhere, wipe tenderly with a soft cloth, and hang up to dry with a cloth fastened loosely round. This is to keep them from the air and preserve them white. By this means all the feather stumps are perfectly removed. Ducks cannot be treated in the same manner, as the oil in the feathers prevents the water from penetrating.—New York Ledger.

The Suggestion That Failed.

"Call Mulvaney Pasha," said the sultan. "I would speak with him upon matters of state."

The gallant Turko-Hibernian officer in whom the sultan reposed such confidence was admitted to the council chamber.

"What do you advise?" asked the sultan.

"By the powers"— began Mulvaney Pasha, but the sultan interrupted him.

"I can't do it," he said. "There isn't money enough in the treasury."—Detroit Free Press.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

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easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

The Power of Habit.

The power of habit is particularly exemplified in the effects produced by the company we keep. The utmost vigilance, therefore, should be exercised on this important subject. The great power and force of custom form an argument against keeping bad company. However shocked we may be at the first approaches of vice, this shocking appearance goes off upon an intimacy with it. Custom will soon render the most disgustful object familiar to our view, and this is indeed a kind provision of nature, to render labor and toil and danger, which are the lot of man, more easy to him.

The well disposed youth, entering first into bad company, is shocked and disgusted at every turn at what his sight beholds and what he is compelled to hear. The good principles which he had imbibed ring in his ear an alarming lesson against the wickedness of his companions. But, alas, this sensibility is of short continuance. The next jovial meeting makes the horrid picture of yesterday more easily endured. Rectitude is soon thought a severe rule, an inconvenient restraint. A few pangs of conscience now and then whisper to him that he once had better ways and thoughts. But even these by degrees die away, and he who at first was shocked even at the appearance of vice may be formed by custom into a profligate leader of vicious pleasures.—New York Ledger.

More Liberal.

In a farmhouse not far from Festiniog a farmer's wife used to cook the dinner for the laborers. Before the meat every man used to be given a basin of soup.

One day the farmer's wife went away and left her little daughter to get the men their dinner.

After they had had the soup the little girl said to them:

"There, now, wasn't that soup better than mother's, for I've put two candles in it and mother only puts one?"—London Answers.

Salt is good to check bleeding of the lungs and as a nervine and tonic for weak, thin blooded invalids. Combined with hot water, it is useful for certain forms of dyspepsia, liver complaint, etc.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	5
Standard		@	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	5½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	4½	@	5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	22	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	45	@	47½
Virginia Meal	45	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	12	@	13½
Dairy, Cream	14	@	14½
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	20	@	22
Rio	8½	@	15
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	7	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 50
N C, Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	4 00
Choice		@	4 50
Straight	4 50	@	5 00
First Patent	5 50	@	5 75
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	47½	@	50
Car load, in bags—White	47½	@	50
Oats, from store	32	@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	45
Cow Peas	80	@	90
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	75	@	80
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	8	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	23 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	25
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	30
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 50	@	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	9 50
Rump		@	9 00
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	90
Lisbon		@	[illegible]
American		@	80
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd		@	[illegible]
Standard A		@	[illegible]
White Ex. C		@	[illegible]
Extra C, Golden	4	@	[illegible]
C. Yellow		@	[illegible]
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	2 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x20 Heart	5 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	3 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	4	@	[illegible]
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 31.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 24½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 24½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 20 per bbl for Strained and $1 25 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm; $1.30 per barrel for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine dull, 28½, 28c; rosin firm, $1 32½, 1 37½; tar steady, $1 00; crude turpentine firm, $1 30, 1 70, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	129
Rosin	420
Tar	72
Crude Turpentine	15

Receipts same day last year—76 casks spirits turpentine, 170 bbls rosin, 27 bbls tar, 24 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7⅛c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅛	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6⅛	" "
Low Middling	7⅛	" "
Middling	7⅛	" "
Good Middling	7 13-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅛c.

Receipts—7 bales; same day last year, 20.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime. 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 80c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 45@47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch; $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

May 31.—Galveston, quiet at 7⅛, net receipts 178 bales; Norfolk, holiday, net receipts 201 bales; Baltimore, holiday, net receipts — bales; Boston, holiday, net receipts — bales; Wilmington, firm at 7⅛, net receipts 7 bales; Philadelphia, holiday, net receipts — bales; Savannah, dull at 7⅛, net receipts 99 bales; New Orleans, dull at 7⅜; net receipts 1,236 bales; Mobile, dull at 7⅛, net receipts 121 bales; Memphis, dull at 7⅛, net receipts 161 bales; Augusta, steady at 7⅜, net receipts 18 bales; Charleston, steady at 7⅛, net receipts 252 bales.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, May 31.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24½c bid; no sales. Rosin firm; no sales; quotations: B. C. $1 25, D. E $1 30, F G $1 35, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 65, M $1 65, N $1 75, W G $1 85, W W $2 00.

SAVANNAH, May 31.—Spirits turpentine market firm at 25c, with sales of 2,250 casks; receipts 1,214 casks. Rosin firm; sales 294 barrels; receipts 2,292 barrels: A. B. C. D $1 32½ E $1 40, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 60, I $1 65, K $1 75, M $1 85, N $1 95, W $2 05, W W $2 50.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, May 31.—4 P. M.—Cotton—spot, moderate demand and prices in favor of buyers. American middling 4⅛d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export, and including 7,400 American. Receipts 1,100 bales, all of which were American. Futures opened steady with a poor demand, and closed quiet but steady at the advance. American middling (l m c): June 4 3-64@4d seller; June and July 4 2-64d seller; July and August 4@4 1-64d buyer; August and September 3 60-64d seller; October and November 3 48-64d buyer; November and December 3 46-64d buyer; December and January 3 44-64d; January and February 3 44-64@3 45-64d seller; February and March 3 45-64d seller.

MARINE.

CLEARED.

Br stmr Lowlands, Dormand, Savannah, Ga, Powers, Gibbs & Co.

EXPORTS.

COASTWISE.

NEW YORK—Steamship Pawnee—305 bales cotton, 60 bbls rosin, 231 casks spirits turpentine, 25 bbls pitch, 533 do tar, 35 cases cotton goods, 70 pkgs mdse.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 1, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

Tacoma (Br), 209 tons, Matheson, Jas T Riley & Co.

Jennie E Simmons, 271 tons, Dougherty, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Senator Sullivan, 654 tons, Crockett, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

B I Hazard, 375 tons, Blatchford, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Cora C Meador, 94 tons, Meador, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Roger Moore, 312 tons, Miller, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Ida C Schoolcraft, 304 tons, Booye, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

R S Graham, 320 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Colin Archer (Nor), 657 tons, Nielsen, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Lilly (Swed), 506 tons, Kastman, Jas T Riley & Co.

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Pumpkin Seed -
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Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
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Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar -
Wintergreen Flavor.

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THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

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Clothes Needed For an Ocean Voyage.

One may venture to refer to such clothes as are put on at sea because that certainly is not talking about the fashions. Formerly people wore their old things on shipboard and presented the general appearance of guys. This is still done with impunity, but since the voyage has been cut down to six days, half of which may be spent in one's berth, less effort is made to get a little more wear out of well worn garments. Knickerbockers and sweaters, short skirts and gaiters, are rather smart on deck, if the weather is fine. The aged female sticks to her hood, and sometimes the pretty ones as well. It is the most suitable headgear for women at sea, for it defies the penetrating wind, and there certainly is no comfort on deck unless one is warm.

Gloves which come up high on the wrist are indispensable. A black coat and fair linen on a man at dinner respond sufficiently to the very slight attempts at dressing which ladies deem in good taste. Unless one has a sturdy stomach, diving into a trunk and making a toilet have a disturbing effect. It is on the homeward voyage, when the ship is going to her pier, that gay hats and pretty dresses make the decks bright, and when normal man returns to tall hats and new gloves and a cane.—Lewis Morris Iddings in Scribner's.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

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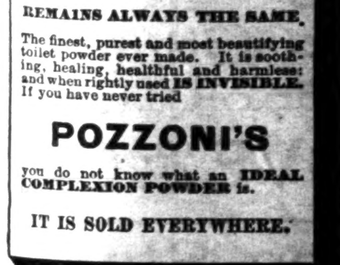

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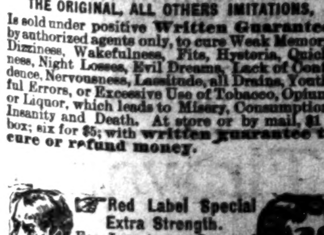

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THE SLEEP OF THE KING.

Perchance he sleeps to dream.
Wind of the flute, be still.
The love of the queen is strong in his breast,
But a song shall work its will.

The flute girl, she shall play
Who has never a strain for the light;
The flower of the almond is bitter by day
But its breath is sweet in the night.

The queen, grown heavy with glee,
Is weary the while to sing,
Only the flute girl, she
Plays through the sleep of the king.

Perchance he sleeps to dream
(Play for a little while).
His sleep is as soft as a new shed tear
And sweet as an old, old smile.

There is no dream for thee,
O queen, grown weary to sing.
Only the flute girl, she
Plays through the sleep of the king.
—Anna H. Branch in Symposium.

A CHASE AFTER GHOULS.

The Innocent Reporter Afterward Learned How a Bet Was Decided.

To hunt grave robbers is not a pleasant assignment, but that task devolved upon me when I was reporting in the small western city of Blanktown. The sacred resting places of Blanktown's dead had been disturbed by ghouls, and indignation ran high. I was detailed to investigate the robberies. I made a mistake at the start. I told the local police force, one man and a town constable, of my assignment, and they kindly took me under their protection and invited me to go with them to guard the cemetery. We used to sit on the wall of the graveyard every night after 12 o'clock. The grave robbers must have known of our presence, for they kept out of the way for a long time.

One dark night when the wind had driven us to shelter in a rickety toolhouse, the ghouls came and resurrected old Joe M. from the vault where the township authorities had placed him. They had carried the body half way across the cemetery, when one of the robbers stumbled and swore. We heard them and gave chase.

The first thing a country policeman thinks of in an emergency like this is to shoot, and the two banged away at the fleeing forms 200 yards ahead until the chambers of their weapons were empty. We saw the fugitives turn down a side avenue into the town. As we ran it struck me as grotesque to hear a college song started up ahead of us. In a few minutes we came upon three students apparently intoxicated. They were leaning against a fence, clinging affectionately to each other, and two were smiting the third on the back.

They stopped when the constable asked them whether any one had passed them. Replying that no one had, they broke forth in song again. The man in the middle was not limp as a man very drunk usually is, but he stood as erect as a soldier. A thin cap was comically cocked over one eye, and underneath the rim his face was expressionless.

"You two fellows get home and take that other sot with you," was the parting shot of the constable. We did not capture the thieves, but the robberies ceased.

A few weeks ago I met Billy W., now taking a post graduate course in a medical college in this city.

"Do you remember Joe M.?" he asked me.

"I guess I ought to. Why?"

"Oh, nothing. Only we had a deuce of a time that night you chased us out of the Blanktown cemetery. Holding that heavy corpse between us and playing that farce of a college trio on a lark was no mean task, I can tell you. We got him to the college, and I won my bet. He had died of liver disease and not paresis, as Jim L. had wagered."—Exchange.

Boston's New Water Supply.

The metropolitan water commission is about to build the largest storage reservoir in the world, its capacity being no less than 65,000,000,000 gallons, or, according to Fire and Water, "enough to supply the city of Boston for 3½ years and four times as much as the capacity of all the existing waterworks reservoirs of that city. Its capacity is twice as much as that of the new Croton reservoir of New York, thrice that of the six reservoirs of Birmingham, England, 30 times that of the Cochituate and 25 times that of Hobbs brook of the Cambridge system. It will hold more water than the inner harbor of Boston."

This dam is to be built at Clinton, Mass., and the vast volume of water, covering over 4,000 acres, will be entrapped and retained by a dam 1,250 feet long (or 20 feet shorter than the Croton dam), 127 feet high above the ground and 158 feet high above its rock foundation. This dam is, however, not as high as a number of others which retain much less water. The Croton dam has a height of 157 feet above ground and 245 above rock. "To guard against the pressure of the millions of tons of water that will be exerted on the dam the engineers have made their plans with the greatest care, drawing upon every attainable source of information." The dam will cross a narrow gorge about three-fifths of a mile above the Lancaster mills, at which point solid a rock support for every part of the dam exists. It will be built wholly of masonry, having the same form of cross section as that of the new Croton dam.—Engineering News.

As Good as Married.

First Sailor—No, Bill, yer don't really know what life is till yer git spliced.

Second Sailor—W'y, shiver me timbers, messmate! I've never been married, true, but I've had yeller fever and cholera, I've been frostbit, drowned, burned alive, eat by a shark, blowed up at sea and operated on for cancer. Wot more does a reasonable chap want?—London Answers.

Trunks.

"I never have a trunk carried up stairs in my house," said the woman who is careful of both her house and its contents. "I have a platform made in the basement, where all the trunks in the house are placed when not in use. They are there covered with an oilcloth or tarpaulin to protect them from dust or harm."

HER TRIUMPH.

I often think that the admitted mental superiority of the people of Greenwich village results from the fact that the young of that most interesting section of Manhattan Island are early required to master the problem of how two parallel lines can meet—West Tenth and West Fourth streets. John Hope's Ann Eliza was the brightest girl in Greenwich.

Mrs. Hope died when the fifth baby was born, and, besides the youngest, Ann Eliza had the care of two other children younger than she, not counting Charley, who was an office boy in the dock office of the steamship line where his father was a clerk, and had been for 20 years.

One of the neighbors had a son who was a clerk in a department store, and he used to bring the popular songs to Ann Eliza so early in their vogue that they would have them all learned, including parts of the chorus—John Hope sang tenor and Charley bass, curiously enough—long before the other Greenwichers had the songs half mastered.

Through the department store clerk—his name was Harold Beeckman, and his great-grandfather had owned a farm of many acres where Greenwich is now solidly bricked up—through Harold, I say, a publisher of songs heard of Ann Eliza, and after that she received songs by the score as soon as ever they were printed, and then Greenwich sang only such songs as Ann Eliza made popular.

Harold Beeckman told Ann Eliza one night that he had quarreled savagely with the song publisher because the latter had suggested that he would be willing to pay Ann Eliza a commission on the sale of songs if she would agree to popularize only those published by his house.

Ann Eliza regarded Harold with such sudden deep interest that her big gray eyes were for once wide open, and the young man discovered with rapture that the more one saw of her eyes the lovelier they were—and his love became, if possible, more intense than ever.

"Yes," he continued, "the idea of that rude man associating your name with—why, of course, I never go to such places, but you know what I mean, Ann Eliza."

"Harold, I do not know what you mean or what you are talking about. For a minute I thought it was something about my singing in public on the stage perhaps."

Harold thought she was joking of course, and forgot all about the incident a little later, when they were all in the parlor singing together.

Ann Eliza did not forget. She had several interviews with the publisher, and then she went to a theater and sang with only the orchestra leader, who played her accompaniment on a piano, and the stage manager for audience.

She wanted much to tell Harold, because she would enjoy his horror over what she was doing, but she knew he would tell, and she did not quite like the idea of her father knowing.

So, when the stage manager had told her to practice half a dozen songs before her mirror, so that she would know how to look while singing, and to come back in a month and he might give her a chance to "do a turn," she kept it all a secret. But how she practiced!

Then one evening she told her father and Harold that she had accepted an engagement to sing in a vaudeville theater and that her engagement began the next night.

Papa Hope looked dazed, and was silent. He could not understand, and even when he found his voice he only repeated in a shocked tone:

"Why, Ann Eliza! Ann Eliza!"

But Harold made up for the other's lack of comment. He drew himself up stiffly—he was ambitious to become a floorwalker and was practicing a haughty and dignified mien—and regarded Ann Eliza with a look of mingled scorn and horror before he exclaimed: "Ann Eliza Hope, you shock and grieve me! Imagine the chagrin of a Beeckman, who thought of you as his future wife, when he hears that you even contemplate making yourself a show on the public stage."

Harold was proud of that speech and observed with much pride that it caused tears to come to John Hope's eyes. It brought evidence of quite a different kind of emotion into Ann Eliza's gray eyes, and they snapped as she replied: "I guess you don't know what you are talking about, Harold Beeckman. I'm not going to 'make a show of myself.' I'm going to dress just as I do here in the evenings, and sing the same songs, and"—there was a note of triumph in her voice now—"I'm to have $15 a week to start with and $25 if I make a hit." Harold started a little as he heard the amount of the salary, but he said:

"Go your way, Ann Eliza, but return the ring I gave you before you disgrace yourself for pelf."

He got the ring back so quickly and with such a look that he could not command another speech at once.

Then John Hope spoke in a tearful, wondering manner about his honest name being dragged in the mire and the memory of his sainted wife being polluted and a happy home broken up. Harold urged on John Hope's poor rage until there was a very unhappy scene, ending in Ann Eliza leaving her home much in the manner of heroines in melodramas.

If I should tell you the name under which Ann Eliza made her vaudeville debut, I would not have to remind you of the instantaneous hit she made—how all New York flocked to the theaters where she sang the simple popular songs of the street—nor to remind you of the fabulous pay she received.

Now Harold is her husband and is supported by her in luxurious idleness, and her father is her manager, having given up his work in the steamship office at the same time Harold resigned from the department store.

Charley works away merrily in the steamship office and only sees Ann Eliza Sunday evenings, when they sing popular songs together in her beautiful apartments. Harold's baritone and John Hope's tenor are never heard in these Sunday evening concerts, for Harold and John are seldom home evenings.—New York Journal.

WHY HE FAILED TO LAUGH.

Was Afraid He Would Miss Something if He Did So.

While a small party of Clevelanders were abroad last year they chanced to be in an English town of limited attractions, and it was suggested that all hands attend the theater in the evening to make up for the disappointment of the day. Now, one of the party is a gentleman of somewhat circumscribed notions about the stage and its mission, and it was feared that he might be a little offended at the suggestion. But, no; he consented to go with great, apparent willingness, and the party set forth.

The play of the evening was one of those hilarious adaptations from the French, where a staid householder of mature years takes a night off and makes the most of it in an atmosphere of champagne and general revelry. As the performance progressed and the fun grew faster and more furious the other members of the party looked at the man with rigid views with considerable solicitation. How would he take it? Would he get up and go out? Might he not even rise from his seat and denounce the performance? But, no; he sat there quietly enough, his face fixed in a look of frozen intentions and his eyes glaring through his spectacles at the spectacle beyond the footlights. However else he might regard the performance, he certainly wasn't amused. Not a ghost of a smile crossed his face. The others might laugh and nudge each other, but he sat stolidly through it all to the very fall of the curtain.

When they were all going down the stairs, one of the party had the temerity to ask him how he liked the show, and all the others waited with bated breath to hear his withering denunciation.

"Why," he pleasantly answered, "it was the funniest thing I ever saw in my life."

"B-but," stammered the astonished questioner, "you didn't laugh. You didn't even smile."

"No," answered the other, "I didn't laugh because I was afraid I might lose some of it."

And the laughter that followed that sally was far more enjoyable than anything the play brought forth.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Suspicious.

Editor—Have you submitted this poem anywhere else?

Poet—No, sir.

Editor—Then how is it you have a black eye and walk on crutches?—Pick Me Up.

ABOUT KIT CARSON.

THE SOCIAL SIDE OF THE FAMOUS AMERICAN PIONEER.

Jessie Benton Fremont Tells of the Frontiersman's First Visit to Washington. The Thing That Most Impressed Him Was the Abundance of Food.

"As a frontiersman his name and fame are everywhere known, but there are perhaps few who think of him except as the hero of wild adventures. That he was, but he was more. Nothing could be more mistaken than to think of him as a rough borderer." Mrs. Fremont sat a little forward in her chair, the fine old face lighting with that fire which will never be forgotten by any who has known the helpmeet and widow of our Pathfinder.

"Kit Carson was a man among men, a type of the real American pioneer, not only fearless, but clear headed, as gentle as he was strong. He had the true courtesy of the heart, and withal a quiet pride—much as Richard the Lion Heart and his knights, who thanked God they were not clerks.

"His nature was literally sweet—sweet by its wholesomeness—sweet as a clear cut winter morning is sweet.

"When he was to come to our house for the first time (he had just ridden overland from California on his mission from General Fremont, and my father, then in St. Louis, charged him to visit us), my mother was a little uneasy. He was accompanied by Edward Beale, then a midshipman, afterward General Beale. Carson was shy and reserved, and his welcome as one who had been Fremont's companion and right hand man overwhelmed him. Yet he was not awkward. A perfect gentleman, his dignity and delicacy completely disarmed my mother. He had been 'afraid the ladies might not care to have him there if they knew he had married a Sioux wife. But she was a good woman,' he declared. 'I never came in from hunting but she had water warm for my feet.' I have always remembered that—it was so like the simplicity of the Bible.

"Carson was perfectly Saxon, clear and fair, with light, thin 'baby hair,' blue eyes, light eyebrows and lashes and a fair skin. He was very short and unmistakably bandy legged, long bodied and short limbed—a man of great strength and vitality. On a horse he was superb—one of the most perfect riders of the frontier. And he was one of the best marksmen.

"He had a quick and gentle sense of humor. There was no self consciousness in him, nor bitterness.

"It used to delight him to go to the market (we were in Washington) and watch the crowds and talk with the market people. That it could be so easy to procure food was a revelation to him. As my mother said, he who had so often had to risk his life for a mouthful could appreciate this abundance.

"He was devoted to my daughter Lilly, then 7 years old. She seemed wonderful to him, for the children he had known on the frontier, of course, had not had many advantages, and he was surprised at her ideas. Sensitive to every generous and refined impulse, as he was, he was charming to children.

"One day, I remember, he bought a pair of turtle doves in the market and brought them home to Lil in a squirrel cage. It was in Washington in the slave days, but he brought the cage in his own hand—a thing no white person thought of doing there in those days. He told her how in the wilderness he used to hear the doves call, and that when he was in the market and heard these lamenting he wished to get them for her. The child was faithful in caring for them, but one hot September day, fagged and wilted, she forgot them, and they were drooping. I was going to care for them, but he said: 'No, let her see what she has done. One lesson will be enough for her.'

"She attended to them, and then Carson took her on his knee and talked to her with the very feeling of the Hindoos—that the life of the smallest creature should never be taken except at need. Next day, in looking over Littell's 'Living Age,' he found Andersen's 'The Lark and the Daisy' and had me read it to him, Lil sobbing and Carson comforting her.

"'I went to school in a log cabin schoolhouse,' he said. 'One day there came the cry of Injuns, and I ran with the men—and thar it lays! But I would give $5,000 if I could read as you can.'

"There was an illustrated edition of Byron in the parlor, and in it one day Carson came upon the steel engraving of Mazeppa and began to see what it meant.

"'Read it to me!' he cried at last. 'You can read it so much faster.'

"So I read to him. He walked up and down, intensely stirred.

"There never yet was human power
That could evade, if unforgiven,
The patient search and vigil long
Of him who treasures up a wrong.

"'That's it! That's the word!' he broke out. 'He knows how it is. It took me three years before I could go back and thank those Blackfeet for robbing my caches.' After this I had to read 'Mazeppa' to him nearly every day.

"Carson was of Kentucky stock, transplanted to Missouri. His simplicity, like his courage, was of the old pioneer stamp.

"This first visit of Carson to our home lasted three weeks, and he enjoyed seeing and comprehending the life of cities. He never could get over his surprise and pleasure at seeing how easy it was to get food here without danger. But he was not dazzled."—Land of Sunshine.

Tennyson and Fields.

The late James T. Fields had the good fortune to hear Tennyson read one of his own poems and was so kind to his American audiences as to try to show them how the laureate managed the matter. Tennyson's manner, so imitated by Mr. Fields, struck us usually as very queer, for the poet, it seems, struck an attitude, elevated his voice and proceeded to a delivery that came near to veritable chanting. The piece, of course, was a high pitched lyric—I am sorry I forget what—possibly it was from "Maud." Now, a lyric is almost all music and does not chiefly address the understanding. And if we have no notes to it and no voice for singing, but are reduced to the necessity of delivering it in speaking tones, surely we must contrive some kind of elevation of manner, some raising and elation of the voice, some special modulation, more than usual surrender to the rhythm, more than usual neglect of grammatical relations and of the dictionary pronunciation of words.—Journal of Pedagogy.

Paid For It.

She—And did your friend take the doctor's advice?

He—Certainly.

"And did he pay for it?"

"Well, I should rather say he did! He's dead!"—Yonkers Statesman.

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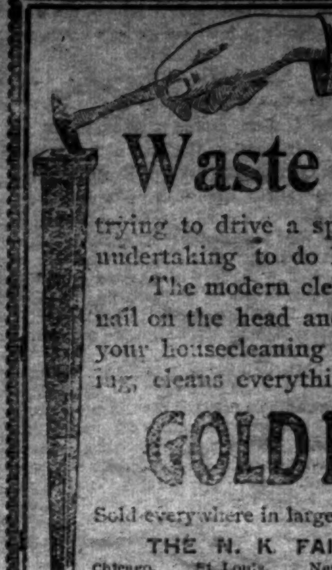

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jan 23

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DAILY 9.00 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a m, Warsaw 10.55 a m, Goldsboro 11.56 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.30 p m, Petersburg 5.34 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.00 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.20 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 1.53 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND.

DAILY 3.40 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 p m, Chadbourn 5.29 p m, Marion 6.47 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 7.30 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.54 a m, Magnolia 8.07 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 3.19 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 3.20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.18 a m, Weldon 11.33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 1.00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arrives Washington 11.00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4.05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9.00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10.25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.30 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 11.20 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9.42 a m, Rowland 10.00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.42 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7.48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.55 a m, arrive Darlington 9.28 a m, Cheraw 10.40 a m, Wadesboro 2.25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9.35 p m, Bennettsville 9.36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10.10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6.41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6.30 a m, arrive Darlington 7.15 a m, leave Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5.15 p m, Darlington 6.29 p m, arrive Florence 7.00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m, 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.45 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4.40 a m, Creston [illegible] a m, arrive Denmark 6.20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4.55 p m, Creston 5.47 p m, Sumter 6.40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 6.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrive Creston 3.50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and [illegible] p m.

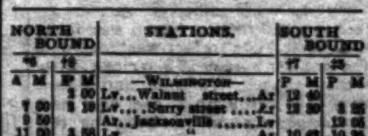
†Daily except Sunday. [illegible] Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 18 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *6	NORTH BOUND †8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND *5
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	3 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville...Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville...Lv	10 09	9 18
12 20	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 20	Ar...Newbern...Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

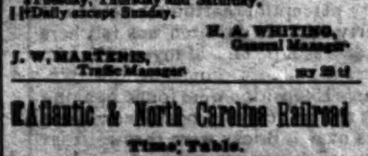
Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 29 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.



In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Leave	STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	2 20	Goldsboro........	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston........	10 20	....
5 15	5 22	Newbern........	9 17	9 26
6 37	6 42	Morehead City........	8 02	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.20 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

mn 27 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE

S. A. L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO

ATLANTA, CHARLOTTE, ATHENS, WILMINGTON, NEW ORLEANS, CHATTANOOGA AND NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, NORFOLK, RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	....
Leave Maxton	6 14 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg	6 32 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet	6 52 p m	....
Leave Hamlet	7 15 p m	*5 15am
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 25am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 36am
Arrive Monroe	9 12 p m	7 00am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 30am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	8 30am
Arrive Mt. Holly	....	9 30am
Arrive Lincolnton	....	10 00am
Arrive Shelby	....	11 10pm
Arrive Ellenboro	....	11 45pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	....	12 25pm

*6 40 a m	Leave	Hamlet	Arrive	8 20pm
10 00 a m	Arrive	Cheraw	Leave	*5 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38.	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	....	*4 20pm
Leave Ellenboro	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	....	6 03pm
Leave Lincolnton	....	7 10pm
Leave Mt. Holly	....	7 50pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 20pm
Arrive Monroe	5 55 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 25 am	....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 08pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 20pm
Leave Hamlet	8 20 am	....
Leave Laurinburg	8 45 am	....
Leave Maxton	9 05 am	....
Leave Lumberton	9 51 am	....
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*8 15 am	*11 20pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	3 16am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 25am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 53pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*3 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	12 05 am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15 pm	3 43am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Time)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Both trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C.

B. A. NEWLAND, Gen. Agt. P. Dept. 6 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

E. St. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen. Supt.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.

feb 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT MAY 30, 1897

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
4 30 p m	Ar...Wilmington...Lv	12 15 "
1 15 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	3 30 a m
12 45 "	†Ar...Fayetteville...Lv	3 45 "
12 42 p. m.	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	3 4[illegible]
11 20 "	Lv...Sanford...Lv	5 05 p. m
9 29 "	Lv...Climax...Lv	6 14 "
9 00 "	Lv...Greensboro...Ar	7 5[illegible] "
8 4[illegible] "	Ar...Greensboro...Lv	7 4[illegible] "
7 22 "	Lv...Stokesdale...Lv	8 22 "
7 19 "	Lv...Walnut Cove...Lv	9 03 "
6 50 "	Lv...Rural Hall...Lv	9 20 "
5 45 a m	Lv...Mt Airy...Ar	11 10 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 30 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	7 45 a. m
6 15 "	Lv...Maxton...Ar	9 05 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs...Lv	9 37 "
5 06 "	Lv...Hope Mills...Lv	10 25 "
4 45 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	10 50 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
8 25 p m	Ar...Ramseur...Lv	7 40 a. m
6 57 "	Lv...Climax...Lv	9 23 "
5 45 "	Lv...Greensboro...Ar	10 20 "

NORTH BOUND	No. 16. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	10 55 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	12 21 "
Arrive Madison	1 10 "

SOUTH BOUND,	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	2 10 p m
Leave Stokesdale	3 05 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 30 "

†Meals.

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line at Maxton with Carolina Central Railroad, at Sanford with Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with Southern Railway, at Walnut Cove with Norfolk & Western Railway.

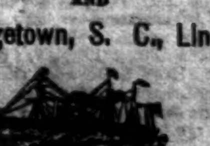
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

my 25 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

PAWNEE,	Wednesday, June 2
CROATAN,	Wednesday, June 9

Wilmington for New York.

PAWNEE,	Tuesday, June 8
CROATAN,	Saturday, June 12

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA,	Tuesday, June 1
CROATAN,	Tuesday, June 8

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ja 1 tf

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 1, 1897

CONGRESS YESTERDAY.

The Senate Not In Session—A Fifteen Minutes Session in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—There was a good attendance on the floor of the House and in the galleries to day, notwithstanding the outside attractions of Memorial day. On account of the day the Republican leaders had requested the Democrats to permit a recess until to-morrow. They desired to have conference reports on the Indian and Sundry Civil Appropriation bills acted on as soon as possible, but did not wish to work on Memorial day. Some of the Democrats were disposed to concede this, but others declared that the Republicans having adopted a rule for semi-weekly sessions, must abide by it.

When the journal was read Mr. Lewis, of Washington, Democrat, protested against its approval, saying that there was "no constitutional House that can legally approve the journal, and if there was it could not be approved in the manner and form adopted," and gave notice that he merely filed his protest to act upon it in the future as might seem best.

Then Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, Republican, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution to make immediately available funds for the work of the government printing office, which had been provided for in the General Deficiency bill. The appropriations for the printing office were exhausted, he said, and work there must be stopped to-morrow unless some provision for it was made.

"Does the gentleman think this a proper way to legislate?" Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee, asked.

Mr. Cannon explained that the House had done its duty when it passed the Deficiency bill some time ago, and the fault was the Senate's.

Mr. Simpson, Populist of Kansas, said he must object to legislation to-day, as he understood it was the plan to take a recess in honor of the dead.

Speaker Reed presented a letter from Mr. McLaurin, Democrat, of South Carolina, announcing his resignation, to take the seat in the Senate, to which he had been appointed by the Governor, and the announcement was applauded by Mr. McLaurin's friends.

Then the motion of Mr. Dingley for a recess until to-morrow was carried with a few dissenting votes on the Democratic side and the members dispersed after a session of fifteen minutes.

SENATOR MORGAN.

The Point He Made in the Senate Giving Anxiety to Some of the Republican Leaders.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The point made by Senator Morgan in the Senate that the present proceedings in the House under the rule for semi-weekly sessions with its adjournments for three days are unconstitutional, is giving anxiety to some of the Republican leaders. The question was discussed today by several Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee, who were in the committee room, and two of them expressed the opinion that Senator Morgan's view might prove to be correct. The possibility that importers may stir up considerable litigation over the Tariff bill after it becomes a law, following the suggestion by Senator Morgan that Congress would not be legally in session when the Senate passes the bill, is viewed with some apprehension by a minority of the committee, though not by Mr. Dingley.

Speaker Reed, it is understood, does not in the least share the apprehension of those who think there is something in the point and believes that the House can fix the days of its adjournment.

It is pointed out that on the occasion when Senators desired to go to Monticello, Mr. Chandler on Wednesday moved, and the Senate adopted the motion, that when the Senate adjourn on Thursday it be to meet on the following Monday and that the whole objections made in the Senate to the proceedings of the House were covered in that order.

TILLMAN'S RESOLUTION.

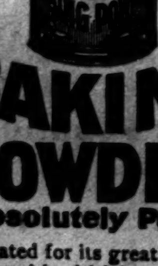
Republican Senators Object to Its Reference to a Special Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—There will be an effort on the part of some Senators to have the Senate Committee on Contingent Expenses to amend the Tillman resolution for an investigation of the charges that Senators have been speculating in Sugar stocks so as to have the inquiry made by a standing committee rather than by a special committee, as provided in the resolution. Objection is made on the part of some of the Republican Senators to having the chairmanship of the committee go to a Democrat, as it would if the author of the resolution should be given this post. While this is parliamentary practice it is not always followed in the Senate. The resolution under which the inquiry of 1893 was conducted was introduced by Senator Lodge, though the original resolution leading up to the investigation was presented by Senator Peffer. Senator Peffer was not given a place on the committee and Senator Lodge was given the place next to the last. It is suggested by those who object to a special committee that the investigation should be made either by the Committee on Privileges and Elections or by the Committee on Judiciary.

President D. D. Woodmansee and Secretary M. J. Dowling have issued a call for the tenth annual convention of the National Republican League at Detroit, July 13th. Each State and Territorial league is entitled to four delegates from each Congressional district and six delegates at large.

ROYAL



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ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co.
New York.

EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS

WERE FELT YESTERDAY ALL OVER THE COUNTRY.

Buildings Shaken and Chimneys Thrown Down—No Serious Damage Reported, But People Were Frightened and Driven from Their Houses Into the Streets at Many Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WHEELING, W. VA., May 31.—At 2 o'clock this afternoon a distinct earthquake shock was felt all over Wheeling and in the surrounding towns. No damage was done so far as could be learned. The quake lasted about thirty seconds, and was violent enough to shake brick buildings slightly.

CINCINNATI O., May 31.—Special dispatches to the *Times-Star* report earthquakes felt distinctly all over Ohio, Kentucky and West Virginia.

COLUMBUS O., May 31.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here about 1 p. m. to-day.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., May 31.—A distinct shock of earthquake, lasting ten seconds, was felt here at 2.08 this afternoon.

PITTSBURG, May 31.—A slight earthquake shock was felt here at 1.54 o'clock this afternoon. The tremor was quite perceptible in high buildings and lasted nearly a minute.

WINSTON, N. C., May 31.—Three severe shocks of earthquake were felt here at 2 o'clock to-day. Wild excitement prevailed, but no damage was done.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., May 31.—Two distinct shocks of earthquake were felt in Knoxville this afternoon at 1.15 o'clock. Reports vary as to the length of the shocks, some claiming they were at least a half minute in length. Several large buildings were badly shaken and two chimneys fell. The movement of the shocks so far as can be ascertained in this city, was from west to east. Reports from all over East Tennessee and Southwest Virginia indicate that in places the shock was felt stronger than in Knoxville. At Bristol it continued thirty seconds. It came from the southwest, and shook the buildings so the people ran into the streets. Several chimneys were thrown to the ground.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 31.—At 1 o'clock a slight earthquake shock was felt here. The shock was most noticeable in the fire tower and high buildings.

GREENSBORO, N. C., May 31.—This city was severely shaken by an earthquake at 2 o'clock this afternoon but no damage was done.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 31.—A distinct earthquake shock was felt in this city shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon. No damage was done. The shock lasted about five seconds. The vibrations passed from South to North.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 31.—At 1:59 o'clock this afternoon, an earthquake shock perceptibly shook Asheville. Hundreds of occupants of buildings ran into the streets. No damage was done.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 31.—A shock of earthquake was clearly felt here at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The trembling was severe but there was no excitement.

CINCINNATI, May 31.—Shortly after 1 o'clock an earthquake was felt here and in the suburbs. The printers ran out of the *Times Star* office. Occupants of other buildings were alarmed and at Coney Island, Chester Park, the Zoo gardens and elsewhere there was consternation among the holiday crowds. At the lagoon, on the Kentucky side, there was a panic among several thousand people on the grounds. The waters in the lagoon were so rough the life-saving crew went to the relief of those out in the electric pleasure boats.

ZANESVILLE, May 31.—An earthquake shock was felt here at about 1 o'clock. The *Courier* building, four stories high, exhibited decided vibrations. To such an extent was this noticed and experienced, that employes on the fourth and third floors deserted their posts, greatly frightened. The motion was from east to west and of a swaying character.

BALTIMORE, May 31.—A slight earthquake was felt here shortly before 2 o'clock this afternoon. It was not noticeable, except in the high buildings, but in these vibrations were felt lasting about five seconds.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., May 31.—A distinct earthquake, shaking buildings and rattling windows, was felt here at 1.55 p. m. It was as severe as that of August, 1886.

LYNCHBURG, VA., May 31.—A shock of earthquake was experienced here at 1.58 o'clock this afternoon. Bricks were shaken from a number of chimneys, and furniture and crockery jostled. Considerable alarm was created in some quarters. No damage of consequence was done.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., May 31.—An earthquake shock was felt here about 1.15 p. m. Several chimneys were shaken down. A dispatch from Jonesboro states that the shock was quite severe.

SAVANNAH, Ga., May 31.—Savannah felt a slight earthquake to-day. It was momentary but of sufficient duration to determine its direction, which was from east to west. The tremor was recorded at the weather bureau at 2 o'clock 75th meridian time. Windows and doors were shaken throughout the city and many people were made dizzy by the vibrations.

DANVILLE, VA., May 31.—At two minutes before 2 o'clock this afternoon a shock of earthquake was felt here and caused great alarm. Buildings were shaken and furniture jostled, but no damage was done. The shock, which consisted of three distinct vibrations, was preceded by a roaring sound resembling that of a conflagration.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 31.—A very perceptible earthquake shock of thirty seconds duration was felt here to-day at 2 p. m. Many of the pictures in the art rooms of the Woman's Exposition were found hanging out of their correct positions after it was over. Bricks were thrown from several chimneys.

RALEIGH, N. C.—Reports from all over the State report an earthquake shock between 1.55 and 2 p. m. Very little damage was done. In a few instances, where chimneys were not very secure, they were shaken down.

NORFOLK, VA.—Two distinct earthquake shocks were felt here this afternoon at 1.55 o'clock, lasting seven and eight seconds respectively. There was an exodus from several office buildings and dwellings, and considerable alarm experienced in various parts of the city, but absolutely no damage was done. The shocks were only about ten seconds apart.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA.—A slight earthquake shock was felt here this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The disturbance was so mild that it was imperceptible to many persons, and no damage is reported.

PETERSBURG, VA.—An earthquake shock was felt here to-day at two minutes to two. Duration about thirty seconds.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—What is supposed to have been an earthquake was felt here at one minute of 2 o'clock. It lasted about fifty seconds and caused chandeliers to sway and floors to tremble perceptibly. It was noticed at the capitol, in the telephone exchange and several of the high buildings. In the Associated Press office, in the *Post* building, the vibrations were felt very distinctly.

TENNESSEE EXPOSITION

Every Department in Perfect Condition—Governors' Day—Large Attendance Expected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 31.—The cold weather caused a diminution in attendance at the Exposition to-day, but to-night the attendance was very good. Being a bank holiday, a large number of bank clerks from all parts of the State visited the Exposition, and these, with the South Carolina editors and accompanying ladies, the advance guard of the Travellers Protective Association, and the Southern delegates returning from the Railway Conductors Convention at Los Angeles, Cala., caused a large assembly of strangers.

In the woman's building, Miss Clara Conway entertained a large crowd with a discourse upon palmistry.

The Exposition, in every department, is working smoothly and June will commence with every department in perfect condition. For May the attendance has exceeded 200,000.

To-morrow will be an exceedingly attractive day. It is Tennessee day and Governors' day. Governor Russell, of North Carolina, with a detail of State troops and his staff, will attend. Lieutenant Governor McSweeney, of South Carolina, is here and will represent his State, and the Lieutenant Governor of Arkansas is expected. A parade will occur, in which several companies of State troops will participate, as well as the visiting soldiers. Governor Taylor and staff, in full uniform, will lead the column.

Delegates to the National Travellers' Protective Association, which meets at the capitol in this city to morrow, are arriving on every train and the attendance will be very large. Much interest is shown in the election for president, J. E. Lee, of St. Louis, declining to again serve. The contest promises to be a lively one. The five thousand-mile interchangeable railroad ticket is the prominent subject discussed by the delegates who have arrived and by the many railroad men who are also in attendance.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION.

One Man Killed and Several Persons Injured at Charlottesville, Va.—Fire Loss $10,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., May 31.—At 2 o'clock to-day fire broke out in the warehouse of Charles King & Sons, at Charlottesville, and a barrel of oil exploded, spreading the flames all over the building. A dozen or more persons entered with a view to saving the books and other property, when a keg of powder exploded, demolishing the building, catching several under the falling timbers and brick, and inflicting injuries from which one has died.

C. W. Hulfish, the manager for Charles King & Sons, was leaving the office with an armful of books and papers when the crash came. He was knocked to the ground and partially covered with the debris. His left arm was broken and he sustained painful cuts about the head.

After half an hour's hot work, and while threatened by a tottering wall, the workers succeeded in rescuing Chief Christian, one of the men who had been pinned under the wreckage. His injuries were so desperate that he died this evening. Alonzo Gooch was partly under Christian, and escaped with his life. His injuries, however, are serious.

Walter Anderson, book keeper for the firm, was in the office when the collapse came. He was buried under the falling bricks. His injuries are painful, but not serious.

Hundreds of men, women and children were near the building when the explosion occurred. Many were thrown to the ground, while upon them and all around bricks and burning debris fell like hail. Some were badly hurt about their heads, while the escape of hundreds from death was miraculous. The loss is about $10,000.

ALLEGED FILIBUSTERS.

Steamers Biscayne and Dauntless Seized by U. S. Customs Officers in Florida Waters.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 31.—Dispatches from Miami, on the lower east coast, report the seizure of the steamer Biscayne, charged with filibustering, by a deputy collector of customs. The Dauntless, which left Savannah two weeks ago ostensibly on a towing trip, and which has since reported to have landed two cargoes in Cuba, is also reported to have been captured by the cruiser Marblehead which put out from Key West. The capture occurred off Palm Beach, and the steamer will be taken to Key West and placed in custody.

The Biscayne is said to have transferred a cargo of arms and ammunition to the Dauntless, a cargo having been sent down the Florida East Coast Railway to Fort Lauderdale on Saturday. Nothing was found on the Biscayne.

U. S. COURT DECISION

Under Which any Person May Import and Sell Liquor in South Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, May 31.—Judge Simonton, of the United States Circuit Court, to-day filed a decision in the case of the Vandercook Company against the State of South Carolina enjoining the State from preventing the sale of liquors brought into the State. This decision, if sustained on appeal, it is claimed will have the effect of rendering nugatory the State dispensary law.

Under the decision of Judge Simonton any person may import and sell liquor in original packages. The decision is based on the interstate commerce law, the court holding that the right of importation comprehends the right of sale.

THE INDIAN OUTBREAK,

Leaders of the Hostiles Killed—No Further Trouble Anticipated.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WINNEPEG, Man., May 31.—Almighty Voice and the two Indian murderers, who have been holding Bellevue Bluff, near Duck Lake, for the past two days against the mounted police, were killed yesterday. A rush was made on the bluff about 1 o'clock and an Indian slain. It was found that Almighty Voice and another Indian had been killed by the shells fired earlier in the day. The rebellious Indians have been brought in. The father of Almighty Voice is under arrest here as an accomplice. No further trouble is anticipated.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

A Handsome Wealthy Woman of Atlanta Indicted on Testimony of Her Children.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, Ga., May 31.—Mrs. Z. A. Godfrey, 40 years old, handsome, wealthy, daughter of Hon. Benjamin Dugger, was arrested to-day for murder. She was indicted on the testimony of her children who swore that six years ago she strangled and buried her daughter's illegitimate child.

SPRING MEDICINE is a necessity which Hood's Sarsaparilla grandly supplies. It purifies and vitalizes the blood and thus gives tone and strength to the whole system.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills. †

HAVANA ADVICES.

Indirect Attack Upon Calhoun, the United States Commissioner, by a Spanish Newspaper.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, May 31.—W. J. Calhoun, the United States commissioner who is investigating the death in the prison at Guanabacoa of Dr. Ricardo Ruiz, a naturalized American citizen, was interviewed to-day with reference to an article in the *Diario de La Marina*, making an indirect attack upon the commissioner by criticising articles which have appeared in a Washington newspaper over the signature of Mr. Pepper, who accompanied Mr. Calhoun to Cuba. Mr. Calhoun said:

"Mr. Pepper is in no way connected with the commission. On the contrary, he came to Havana on his own account as other correspondents might have come. No secrets of the commission have been divulged, nor has any special conclusion been supplied to him which was not obtainable by other correspondents. I suppose Mr. Pepper's information was gathered from personal information or from hearsay."

Mr. Fishback, the secretary of Mr. Calhoun, was also interviewed and expressed opinions similar to those of the Commissioner.

Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, the United States Consul General, disclaims exercising any influence over newspaper reports sent from Havana to the United States and resents the insinuation of the *Diario de la Marina* that resident American correspondents draw their inspiration from him.

Mr. Pepper says he is much amused by the attack of the *Diario de la Marina*. He returned last night from Guanajay, where, accompanied by Mr. Fishback, he had been on a visit yesterday. He says his trip was highly interesting. While returning to this city, the car in which he was travelling was derailed by a railroad accident, but all the passengers escaped without injury.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The attempt of a Havana newspaper to impugn in advance the report that will be made to the President by Special Commissioner Calhoun, by means of an attack upon the letters which have been printed as coming from Mr. Pepper, has had the effect to arouse the friends of the newspaper man to his defence. Mr. Pepper's letters have been printed in the Washington *Evening Star*, so they have fallen directly under the eye, not only of Congress, but of the members of the diplomatic corps resident in Washington, and have doubtless been used as the basis for reports to their own Governments. They have attracted more attention than would have been accorded to similar communications from other sources because of Mr. Pepper's high character among newspaper men, and his reputation for impartiality in the pursuit of his business.

HOLLYWOOD CEMETERY.

Confederate Memorial Day Exercises in Richmond, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, May 31.—Confederate Memorial Day exercises were held at Hollywood Cemetery this afternoon, as usual, all the military of the city, the Confederate Veteran Camps and the Sons of Confederates participating with the ladies of the Hollywood Memorial Association.

The prayer of the occasion was offered by Rev. Dr. W. E. Hatcher, pastor of the Grace Street Baptist Church, this city, the opening address by Hon. Geo. L. Christian of this city, and the oration of the day by Gov. O'Ferrall.

The usual Federal decoration exercises took place at the Federal Cemetery, the colored military of the city participating.

PRIMITIVE MAN.

He May Have Been Evolved Upon the American Continent.

In the Connecticut river valley reptiles left their tracks on the mud flats—since turned to sandstone—and a few skeletons also have been found. The bodies of a race of great reptiles that were the lords of creation of their day have been dissipated to their elements, while the chance indentations of their feet as they raced along the shores, mere footprints on the sands, have been preserved among the most imperishable of the memory tablets of the world.

Of the other vertebrate fossils that have been found in the eastern portions of America, among the most abundant and interesting are the skeletons of mastodons. Of these one of the largest and most complete is that which was unearthed in the bed of a drained lake near Newburg, N. Y., in 1845. This specimen was larger than the existing elephants, and had tusks 11 feet in length. It was mounted and described by Dr. John C. Warren of Boston, and has been famous for half a century as the "Warren mastodon."

But to the student of racial development as recorded by the fossils all these sporadic finds have but incidental interest as compared with the rich western fossil beds to which we have already referred. From records here unearthed the racial evolution of many mammals has in the past few years been made out in greater or less detail. Professor Cope has traced the ancestry of the camels (which, like the rhinoceroses, hippopotamuses and sundry other forms now spoken of as "old world," seem to have had their origin here) with much completeness.

A lemuroid form of mammal, believed to be of the type from which man has descended, has also been found in these beds. It is thought that the descendants of this creature and of the other "old world" forms above referred to found their way to Asia probably, as suggested by Professor Marsh, across a bridge at Bering strait, to continue their evolution on the other hemisphere, becoming extinct in the land of their nativity. The ape man found fossil in the tertiary strata of the island of Java two years ago by the Dutch surgeon, Dr. Eugene Dubois, and named Pithecanthropus erectus, may have been a direct descendant of the American tribe of primitive lemurs, though this is only a conjecture.—Henry Smith Williams, M. D., in Harper's Magazine.

MORAVIAN VIEW OF DEATH.

A Beautiful and Impressive Custom of the Moravians.

Clifford Howard contributes to The Ladies' Home Journal an interesting article upon the Moravians of Bethlehem, Pa., and their religious customs:

"Upon the death of one of the congregation," he writes, "the event is announced, not by the monotonous, mournful tolling of the bell, but by the deep breathing, melodious music of trombones, played in the open belfry steeple of the church by the trombone choir, and as the deep, sweet notes of the familiar hymn are borne to the people below they reverently drop their work to listen. 'Hark!' they whisper, 'the horns are blowing. Some one has gone home!' 'Gone home!'—perhaps nothing more beautifully exemplifies the perfect, unquestioning faith of these devout people than that expressive utterance, the sincerity of which is ever demonstrated by the lack of mourning at the passing away of a member of the household, however dearly beloved. So true and heartfelt is the Moravian belief that death is but the entrance to a brighter, happier home. The trombones are also used at the touching funeral services held at the grave, and amid their sad yet inspiring strains the departed one is laid to his eternal rest. On all occasions, whether of death or joy, the trombones lend their sweet solemnity in fitting breath. From the steeple they herald the festival day of each of the choirs, and in all open air services their mellifluous tones are ever present."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Rent—My Residence at Wrightsville. John Wilder Atkinson. ju 1 1t*

Prices to suit the hard times. Fine Candies, Ice Cream and Fresh Fruits can be had at Andrew Mavrouichols', 705 North Fourth street. Orders left Saturday for Ice Cream delivered Sunday. Bell 'Phone 346. my 30 tf

For Sale—One small hand Job Press, size 5¼x 8¼. Brand new. Writeor call for particulars. Wilmington Stamp Works, 15 Princess street. my 26 tf

M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, No. 5 South Water street, solicits consignments of all kinds of produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Mutton a specialty. my 15 tf

Ladies drop me a Postal to 908 Princess street. I will come to your residence and see if your Sewing Machine needs any repairs. Furniture repaired also. 18 years experience. J. B. Farrar. my 11 2m

Brown Dress Linens, New Rugs, Table Linens, Wool Dress Goods, on sale at 18 Market street this week. J. J. Shepard, Proprietor. tf

N. Siegert, Merchant Tailor, 128½ Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Seasonable Suits made to order for $18 00 and up. The best work and fit is what I give my customers. When in need of anything in my line give me a call. my 4 1m

Fruit and Vegetables—We will handle all kinds of Vegetables and Fruit in season during the Convention. Please send in your orders evenings before, so there will be no delay in receiving them. W. J. Kirkham & Co. my 2 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92. mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. au1

HAVE YOU SEEN IT?

"Baby Secrets,"

JUST OUT.

Look in the Window at

JAMES D. NUTT'S

DRUG STORE.

Ask for the little Book "Baby Secrets." my 26 tf

Hall & Pearsall

Invite the attention of the trade to their large stock of

Groceries and Provisions

Farmers and Distillers' Supplies.

Samples and quotations cheerfully sent.

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

ap 10 D&W tf

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH,"

Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.

my 9 tf D&W

NOTICE.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED State for the Eastern District of North Carolina, in the Fourth Circuit at Wilmington.

Charles O'Donnell Lee et al.,
against
The Peregoy Jenkins Company and A. G. Ricaud, Receiver of the Peregoy Jenkins Company.

The undersigned, heretofore appointed Master by a decree in the above entitled cause, hereby notifies all holders of the mortgage bonds of the defendant company to produce the same before him at his office in the city of Wilmington, N. C., on or before the 25th day of June, 1897, and make due proof of same as required by said decree. E. K. BRYAN, Master.

my 20 15t

Fresh Grits and Meal.

100 Bags Hudnuts Grits.
500 Bags Virgina fresh Meal.
1,000 Bags Best White Corn.
500 Bags Yellow Corn.
200 Bags Feed Oats.
2 Car loads straight Flour.
2 Car loads clear Flour.
All for sale at close prices.

W. B. COOPER.

226 North Water street,

my 30 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Attention Everybody.

300 bus. Field Peas for seed.
1,000 kegs Cut and Wire Nails.
50 barrels Mullets.
100 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment.
100 ounces P. & W. Quinine.
50 doz. Groves' Chill Tonic.
and a full line of heavy groceries at prices to meet any market. We only ask a trial. D. L. GORE,

120, 122 & 124 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

my 7 tf

The Circus.

AT COWAN'S NEWS DEPOT TO-DAY CAN be found "Harper's Weekly," "Standard," "Puck," "Judge," "Truth" and other Illustrated papers, besides many story papers. A full stock of N. Y. dailies. Either the "Journal" or the "World" for two cents. Reach's Base Ball Guide for 1897 just received. my 9 tf

Attention Representatives

TO THE GRAND CHAPTER AND OASIS Temple. While in the city call at Prempert's Barber Shop, 11 South Front street, for a first-class Shave, Hair Cut or anything in that line. We will fix you up in fine shape for the parade.

Respectfully,
ARTHUR PREMPERT,
11 South Front street.

my tf

The Sampson Democrat.

Published Every Thursday.

L. A. BETHUNE, Editor and Prop'r.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE:

One Year $1; Six Months 50c

It pays business men to advertise in it. Rates and sample copies furnished upon application.

Address

The Sampson Democrat,

feb 16 tf CLINTON, N. C.

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR of the estate of Lawrence Brown, deceased, I hereby notify all persons indebted to my said intestate to make immediate payment to me, and those to whom my said intestate is indebted will present their claims to me before the 27th day of June, 1897, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. This the 27th day of April, 1897.

THOS. W. STRANGE, Administrator.

apr 28 6t wed

We are still receiving nice new fresh goods. Gents, Ladies, Boys and Girls of many styles and kinds. Beautiful lines of Children and Infant's

SHOES.

We take occasion to thank the generous public for the liberal patronage so kindly bestowed, and ask a continuance of the same. We solicit a trial from those who have not dealt with us. In passing look in our window. Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. my 2 tf

Sale of Valuable Phosphate Lands and MACHINERY.

ON MONDAY, JUNE 7TH, 1897, AT THE County Court House door in the city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, we will sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following property of the North Carolina Phosphate Company, to-wit: A certain tract of land in the said county of New Hanover, beginning at the North side of the bridge over Prince George's creek on the Wilmington and Newbern road, and running thence Northeastwardly with said road to its intersection with the land of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, thence N. 70 deg. 15 minutes E. 23 chains 80 links with the land of said Railroad Company to a stake; thence N. 62 deg. W. 107 chains 96 links to the swamp; thence Southwardly with said swamp to Prince George's creek; thence Eastwardly with the meanderings of said creek to the beginning, containing eight hundred acres. Said land is described in a deed of trust from the North Carolina Phosphate Company to A. B. Andrews and others, Trustees, dated January 1st, 1889, and duly registered in New Hanover county.

Also all and every the rights, liberties, privileges, immunities and franchises of the said North Carolina Phosphate Company, and all the works, machinery, property and effects of the said corporation now upon the land above described.

Said sale is made pursuant to the judgment of Wake Superior Court rendered at April term, 1897, in the cause therein pending entitled, "A. B. Young and others against the North Carolina Phosphate Company and others," No. 6912 Civil Issue Docket. Said judgment appearing on Minute Docket "B", pages 61 *et seq*. of the records of said Court. Terms of sale, Cash. Hour of sale, 12 m.

C. M. BUSBEE,
S. F. MORDECAI,
Commissioners.

May 5th, 1897.
my 5 tds

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

S. P. COWAN & CO.

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15, TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses.

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1,50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Big Reduction

—IN—

Toilet SOAPS

THIS WEEK.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

N. E. Cor. Front and Market Sts.

my 30 tf

SALE OF STOCK.

BY DIRECTION OF THE BOARD OF DIrectors of the "East Carolina Piscatorial Association," I will expose for sale to the highest bidder, at public auction for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, in the City of Wilmington, on Saturday, the 12th day of June, 1897, at 12 o'clock M., ten shares of the Capital Stock of the East Carolina Piscatorial Association standing in the name of J. S. Westbrook, 5 shares standing in the name of R. A. Moore and 5 shares standing in the name of I. F. Hill, to satisfy and pay the sum of one hundred and five dollars on stock of J. S. Westbrook, one hundred and seven dollars on stock of R. A. Moore and twenty dollars on stock of I. F. Hill, due as unpaid assessments on said stock; said assessments having been duly and regularly called by order of the said Board and payment thereof having been refused by J. S. Westbrook, R. A. Moore and I. F. Hill, the subscribers to said stock.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, JR.,
Attorney.

my 20 20t

EVERYBODY COME.

Lemons.

They Are Cheap This Week

AT

The Unlucky Corner.

EXTRA QUALITY.

my 30 tf

NEW CROP

Molasses.

Our Own Importation From

WEST INDIES.

QUALITY EXCELLENT.

Price Low.

WORTH & WORTH.

my 30 tf

SPECIAL OFFERINGS AT

A. D. BROWN'S,

No. 29 North Front St.

Gent's Furnishings.

Just six dozen of these celebrated

Shirts, beautifully laundered, perfect fitting and just your size, only $1 each.

Gentlemen's Gauze Shirts, long and short sleeves, elegant quality, and only 25 and 50c each.

Gentlemen's Gauze Drawers, perfect fitting, any size, only 25 and 50c pair.

A special line of Gentlemen's Half Hose, Onyx Black, only 15c pair.

Ladies's Bath Suits and Caps in Flannel and Mohair, $3.00 to $6.00 each.

50 rolls Matting on Tuesday's steamer.

Ladies' Gauze and Ribbed Vests, 5c to 50c each.

Summer Corsets, all sizes, only 50c pair.

We have just received 12 dozen Negligee Shirts for gentlemen. Call and see them. They are only $1.00 each.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

Price List:

Line Ladies' Sailor Hats at 8c. A job Children's Lawn Caps at 7c. Duck Tam O'Shanter Caps at 12c. Colored Tam O'Shanter Caps at 8c. Boys' nice fine banded Straw Hats at 10c. Men's and Boys' Palmetto, wide brim, best quality, at 10c. All styles Trimmed Sailors at 25, 50, 75c, $1 00 and 1.50.

Ladies' nice Trimmed Hats, with flowers and ribbons at 50c.

Men's Odd Pants—Heavy Jeans at 29c. Pretty Cottonade at 39c. Special and best quality Linen Pants at 50c, worth $1.00. Fine Flannel Pants, all colors, at 75c and $1.00.

Gent's Linen Suits, nicely made for gents, at $2.87 a Suit.

Gent's nice all wool Suits at $4.00, 5.00 and 6.00 a Suit.

Good Suits at $2.95 and 3.25 a Suit.

Shoes for Ladies—Nice fine honest goods, clean stock, at 50, 60, 75c a pair.

Men's Shoes from 75, 90c, $1.00 and 1,25, and 1.89, 1 50 up to 2.50 and 3 00 a pair.

Children's Button Shoes, from 2's to 5's, at 19, 25, 35 and 50c a pair.

Children's Shoes, from 6's to 8's, for 25 to 60; from 9's to 11's, 35 to 75c; from 12's to 2's, for 50c to $1 25 a pair.

Ladies' Leather Belts from 10 to 15, 25, 35 and 50c.

Shirt Waist Sets—3 studs, 1 collar button, 1 pair linked cuff buttons, for 10, 25 and 50c a Set.

Gent's fine Shirt Sets, Studs, at 25, 50 and $1 00.

Cuff Buttons, 25, 35 and 50c.

Side Combs, Hair Pins, Finger Rings, Lock Bacelets, silver and gold-plated, and Curling Irons, from 5 to 10c.

Ladies' Corsets, something special, worth 50c, a nice clean job at 33c; sells every time it is shown.

Nice Umbrellas for 45, 50, 65, 75, 90c, $1.00 and up to 2.00. Umbrellas at bottom prices.

Large Sun Shades for buggies and carts at $1.40 each, all colors.

Dragon-colored Spool Cotton at 1c a spool. Four Lead Pencils at 1c. Six balls of Sewing Thread at 5c. One box of 8 ounces Clinch Shoes Nails at 5c. A heavy pair Half Soles at 10c. Six pairs heavy Shoe Laces at 5c. Two large sticks of Stove Polish at 5c. One box of fine Iron-Shine at 5c. One large bottle of Bixby's Shoe Polish at 5c, worth 10c. One quart bottle of good black Writing Ink at 23c.

Heavy Plaids at 3½c. Good Ginghams, 3½c.

You will find us at 112 North Front St., opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,

my 30 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

By Grace of Shirt Waist.

Summer is no longer a terror. By grace of a Shirt Waist you can dress cool and look pretty. By grace of a Shirt Waist you can dress stylishly at a trifling cost.

By grace of the progressive policy of this Store you can buy a stylish Shirt Waist for 48 cents. Every comfort the Shirt Waists carries is yours at a little cost if you come now.

A nice assortment of better quality Dress Skirts in Brilliantines and Checks and Plaids in prices from $1.48 up.

BLAZER SUITS

Made in all the latest styles, in price from $3.00 up, less than the price of making, and lots of other bargains to which we invite your inspection.

Taylor's Bazaar,

118 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Mail Orders will receive our prompt and careful attention. my 23

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WORKERS

Having secured the services of Mr. George A. Peterson as manager of this Department, we are prepared to furnish estimates on

ROOFING,

GUTTERING,

Repairing of Roofs

and General Job Work.

In or Out of the City.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO

ap 28 tf

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CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

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ONE YEAR, BY MAIL	$5 00
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Hardware, Tinware,

EARTHENWARE,

STOVES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose,

Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. mar 24 tf